Bellefonte Republican.

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REV. WILLIAM W. RHOADS.

A Minister of the Gospel Who Makes Fine Violins.

EVANGELICAL PASTOR AT CENTRE HALL

His Work as a Violin Maker and How He Came to Take Up the Ministry—Some of his Violins and the Prices He Gets for Them.

A MOST REMARKABLE MAN.

The Rev. William Wesley Rhoads of Centre Hall, pastor of the Evangelical church of that place, is a minister who with all the duties of his position has found time to learn one of the most difficult of all arts—the making of fine violins.

To this work men devote their lives and only practically succeed; this man has devoted to it only his spare moments and has accomplished wonders. He is a whole-souled genial gentleman who is highly esteemed by his entire congregation. Not only is he a bright and forceful expounder of the Gospel but he is a thorough musician, a writer and composer of sacred music, an enthusiastic sportsman and last but not least a builder of violins. Not cheap violins either but the very finest kind of instruments.

A representative of this paper had the pleasure of calling on the reverend gentleman at his comfortable but modest little home on the main street of Centre Hall, and learning from his own lips the story of how he came to make violins and how he became a minister.

Rev. Rhoads is a tall well built man, 6 feet in height with a long black beard, streaked with gray, large aquiline nose, kindly brown eyes, dark hair, rather thin on top with here and there a thread of gray running through it. He is a man that would attract attention anywhere.

"You want to known something of my work as a violin maker and how I came to take it up? said the pastor. Well I will tell you. From my earliest recollection I had a passion for music and musical instruments and every instrument I came across I examined most minutely. I am of German extraction, was born in Unionville, Chester county in 1843. My father was Rev. Jeremiah B. Rhoads, who was regarded as one of the best singers in these parts, so my talents in that line are inherited. Because of his love of music and his ministerial work he named me William Wesley. My boyhood days were spent with my aged grandparents and it was at this period that my mechanical genius developed. Without instruction from anyone I would make plows, wagons, harrows etc., and if there was anything to be repaired about the house I did it.

When I was between eight and nine years of age I made my first rude fiddle. To this incident I ascribe all my future success. The fiddle was made out of shingles, with wax ends for strings and a corn stalk bow. When completed I gathered about me some of my playmates to hear me play the instrument. But my grandmother heard it also, and being conscientiously opposed to fiddles, suddenly appeared on the scene, but not before I had hidden it in the woodbox. "What is going on here?" exclaimed the aged lady, adding that she had heard a devilish fiddle. We attempted to evade her wrath, but it was of no use, she found the fiddle, broke it over my head and then threw it in the stove. Next morning I got a sound thrashing, and after escaping in the direction of the barn I shook my fist at her and cried, "I will make a fiddle yet before I die," and I have.

After my grandparents died I went home worked on the farm in summer time and went to school in winter until the war broke out when I enlisted as a Volunteer. I served in the 128th Pennsylvania Volunteers and in the 42nd Pennsylvania Volunteers and was discharged in 1865, I then went to Minersville and worked at the carpenter trade. Later I went to Shamokin and finally landed in Williamsport. Here I worked part of the time and attended Dickinson Seminary. I took up the study of music as a specialty becoming a close student of Beethoven and Mozart. But the old penchant for making violins ever remained and I read all the works I could find on the subject. When in Philadelphia I took a few lessons in violin making from an old German named Voght who had a shop somewhere on 9th street.

It is 20 years since I made my first real fiddle which proved to be a good musical instrument and since then I have carried on violin making in connection with my pastoral work. My study is my work shop and every spare minute that can be spared from my pulpit or church is put in at the work bench. I regard making violins as a recreation from my work as a pastor and would rather do that than loaf in stores or other places. All my violins are made by hand the cutting, inlaying, carving etc., I always select the best material and the instruments are of superior tone.

The body is of maple and the top of California or Washington fir. The cheaper ones are made of beech and Pennsylvania hemlock. It takes about 6 months to make a violin although I can make a half dozen or so all at once. I make a study of the Stradivarious model. I get the material in various ways. I was walking past a wood pile one day when I saw a stick of maple, I asked the owner what he wanted for it. He said you can have it for nothing. Out of this piece of wood I made a violin that sold for $40.

I was walking on the outskirts of Baltimore one day when I noticed a large old maple tree. I tried to buy it but the owner refused to sell. The next day he came to me and said "you can have that tree if you haul it away." It had blown down the night before. Another time in my travels I came across an old German woman who had a curled maple cupboard that she brought with her from Germany. Most people would have laughed at the idea of paying $1 for it. I offered her first one then two, then five and finally bought it for $16. Out of this cupboard I made 12 violins that I named after each of the 12 apostles, I sold them all except one for prices ranging from $25 to $100. Here is the last one "St. Matthew" which I have refused $125.00 for.

"Here is my World's Fair violin which was exhibited in the Pennsylvania building at the Chicago Exposition in 1893 and took a prize of $10. It was made from that Baltimore tree that was over one hundred years old. The top is California fir, the tail piece and keys of ivory and it is inlaid with pearls which I gathered in the Iowa river.

In all I have made over 100 violins. My work has gone all over the country from Maine to Texas. I have also remodeled hundreds. I make on an average of about 6 instruments a year, though this year I have completed 6 violins, 2 guitars and a cane."

The cane was standing in the corner and the preacher showed it with this explanation: "I made it from a piece of wood taken from the Charran, an American vessel that was sunk off the coast of Alabama during the Revolutionary war. The wood was presented to me by Dr. Mensch, of Jersey Shore, who was present when the vessel was raised, and secured a piece of wood large enough to make two canes. This cane is inlaid with 500 different pieces of wood; olive wood, from the Mount of Olives, and Sandal wood from Palestine; wood from Africa, Brazil, India and other countries, which were secured from missionaries.

I took 4 violins to the Union county fair that took first prize and a diploma, In addition to making violins and guitars I also make autoharps and cellos. The last 3 violins I made I named after Mozart, Beethoven and Dewey The first real violin I ever made is in the possession of my daughter, Mrs. Emily Morrow of Newburg, Pa."

"The ministry was in my mind ever since childhood and during my service in the army. I was of humble parentage and had to work to secure my education. My mother wanted me to be a doctor, my grandmother a lawyer but I chose to follow in the footsteps of my father and so became a minister. My work as a violin maker has added very materially to my income and served as recreation also. I was licensed to preach in 1865."

Rev. Rhoads has a daughter Miss Ida B. Rhoads at home who is an accomplished musician and an instructor on the piano, organ, violin and guitar.

Besides being a skilled maker of instruments, Rev. Rhoads is also an expert in bringing music out of them, being able to play almost any kind of a musical instrument.

Rev. Rhoads is well known all over the state and has been prominently mentioned as a candidate for Chaplain of the Pennsylvania State Senate. He is a member of the Educational committee of Central Pennsylvania College at New Berlin, and is very prominent in church work.

—Last week the voters of Boggs township held a special election to vote on the division of the township. Those favoring the division wanted to make a separate township out of the eastern and northern precincts. It was defeated by a majority of eighty-two votes.

—A thirty-five thousand dollar monument will be erected in Highland Park, Pittsburg, in memory of Col. A. L. Hawkins and the dead soldiers of the Tenth Pennsylvania Regiment.

QUAY ELECTED SENATOR.

Chosen by the Pennsylvania Legislature at Harrisburg Tuesday.

ONE DEMOCRAT VOTED FOR QUAY

Seven Men Broke Their Solemn Pledges and Voted Directly for Quay -Pledge Was Voluntarily Taken and it Has Been Openly and Unblushingly Broken.

PENNSYLVANIA DOUBLY DISGRACED

HARRISBURG, Jan. 16.—After a memorable struggle, which was continued for several years, Colonel M. S. Quay, regular Republican nominee for United States senator, was elected Tuesday by the Pennsylvania legislature to fill the vacancy created by the expiration of his term on March 4, 1899. His combined vote in the senate and house was 230, or three more than the number necessary to a choice. The house and senate met jointly at noon today to canvass the vote and declare an election. Mr. Quay's commission has already been prepared and signed and he will take it to Washington this afternoon. A party of friends will go with him to be present when he takes his seat in the senate on Thursday.

The Democratic vote was cast almost solidly for Colonel James M. Guffey, of Pittsburg, and that of the anti-Quay Republicans was divided among 9 "favorite sons."

Representative Wm. J. Galvin, of Schuylkill, who voted with the Republicans on the organization of the house, was the only Democrat who voted for Mr. Quay. Representative L. D. Brown, of Crawford, who was nominated by the Prohibitionists and endorsed by the Democrats and Populists, voted for the Rev. Dr. Silas C. Swallow, the Prohibition leader.

Colonel Guffey lost 3 votes by the absence of Representatives Geo. J. Maloney, of Venango, and Madison A. Garvin, of Adams, who were unable to be present on account of illness, and the pairing of Representative Arthur H. Squier, of Wyoming, with Haldeman, of Montgomery, Republican. Mr. Squier was present, while his pair was ill at his home with typhoid fever.

The solid Democratic vote in the senate was cast for Colonel Guffey. The vote, in detail, follows:

	House.	Senate.	Total.
M. S. Quay	104	26	130
James M. Guffey	44	12	56
Congr'sman Jno. Dalzell	24	10	34
Charles Emory Smith	11	1	12
George E. Huff	6	1	7
John Stewart	3	—	—
Henry C. McCormick	1	—	—
William Greenway	1	—	—
John H. Harris	1	—	—
Charles Tubbs	1	—	—
Cong'sm'n M. E. Olmsted	1	—	—
Dr. Silas C. Swallow	1	—	—

Paired, 2; absent 3.

The 7 republicans who broke their pledges and voted for Quay were as follows: John K. Thompson, of Centre county; John P. McTighe, of Allegheny county; Geo. C. Hill and Geo. B. Tiffany, Susquehanna county; Thos. J. Reynolds, Lackawanna county; Benjamin F. Welty, Franklin county and Samuel A. Kendall, of Somerset county.

The Center of Population.

The census bureau issues a statement that the centre of population is in latitude 39 9.36, longitude 85 48 54. In ten years it has moved westward 16 minutes, 1 second, about 14 miles, and southward 2 minutes, 20 seconds, or about three miles. It now rests in southern Indiana, at a point about seven miles southeast of the city of Columbus.

How They do it in Oregon.

The State of Oregon has hit upon a new device to make and keep men sober. Every man who drinks has to take out a license costing him $5 a year and unless he is armed with the document he cannot be served with liquor at any hotel or saloon. Every six months the names of all persons who take out a license are published in the paper so that the public may know those who are authorized to drink.

—To introduce its methods of teaching by correspondence, the Carnegie College of Rogers, Ohio, gives free tuition to one student in each county in Pennsylvania. Academic, Normal, Book-keeping, and Short-hand Courses are included. Applicants should name county in addressing the College.

—It is announced that the Carnegie company will build the largest tube plant in the world at a cost of twelve million dollars. The works will be located on the shore of lake Erie.

South African News.

PRETORIA, January 14.—Friday night the Boers cut the wires between Irene and Olifant-fontein stations. Early Saturday morning 800 Boers, under Commandant Beyer, invested Kaalfontein station. A hot fire and shell fire, with two field pieces and a Maxim, was maintained for six hours.

An armored train and reinforcements were sent from Pretoria, but before they had arrived upon the scene the garrison had driven off the Boers, who retired unmolested with a transport train half a mile long. The Boers blew up the line beyond Kaalfontein, compelling the mail train to return here. It is supposed their object was to obtain supplies, a great quantity of which is stored at Kaalfontein. The British has no casualties.

LONDON, January 14.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Kitchener:

"PRETORIA, Sunday, January 13.—About 1,400 Boers crossed the line, attacking both Zuurfontein and Kaalfontein stations, but were driven off. They are being pursued by a cavalry brigade."

Lord Kitchener reports also several skirmishes at different points, with trifling British losses, and adds: "Three agents of the peace committee were taken as prisoners to De Wet's laager near Lindsey, January 10. One, who was a British subject, was flogged and then shot. The other two, burghers, were flogged by De Wet's orders."

LONDON, January 14.—4:30 A. M.—The brief report of the fate of the three members of the peace commission who were sent to see General De Wet excited the deepest indignation on all sides. One or two papers express a hope that Lord Kitchener has been misled by false reports, but it is generally felt that he would not have reported the matter to the war office without undoubted evidence.

The Morning Post says: "This marks the point where the guerilla phase ends and the bandit phase begins."

All the papers appeal strongly to the government to hurry forward reinforcements, since it is evident that the Boer leaders have become desperate and conciliation is useless.

The Pretoria correspondent of the Daily Mail announces the return to Pretoria of Mr. Pretorius, a former president of the late South African republic, from a futile endeavor to dissuade the Boer leaders to surrender.

Details of the attacks upon Kaalfontein and Zuurfontein stations show that there were only small garrisons of about 120 men at each station. The British had excellent trenches which enabled them to withstand the attacks until the Boers, having ascertained that reinforcements were coming to the garrisons, retired. At Zuurfontein a party of Boers in khaki succeeded in capturing a British patrol of 8 men, whom they subsequently liberated. The railway and telegraph lines will be speedily restored.

No further news has been received regarding the invasion of Cape Colony.

—The editor of the Sheldon, N. D., Progress, a very modest newspaper man, was invited to a party at a residence where the home had recently been blest with an addition to the family. Accompanied by his best girl he met the hostess at the door, and after the customary salutations, asked after the baby. The lady was suffering from a severe cold which made her slightly deaf, and she mistakenly supposed that he was inquiring after her cold. So she replied, that, though she had one every winter, this was the worst she ever had; it kept her awake a great deal at first, and confined her to her bed Then noticing that the editor was becoming quite pale and nervous, she said she could see by his looks that he was going to have one just like hers, and asked him if he wished to lie down. The editor has quit inquiring about babies.

—Matthew Fletcher, of Coalport, committed suicide a few nights ago by jumping into a well on the property of a neighbor. The well was about 25 feet deep and contained 10 feet of water. He was in the well about half an hour when the body was discovered by some one who went to the well for water. The deceased had been ill for a long time and was suffering from mental trouble. He was aged 50 years.

—N. W. Fredericks, aged 80 years one of Lock Haven's most prominent business men, died Thursday at his home in that place the result of a stroke of paralysis.

—No, my friend the hazy atmosphere is not due to mountain fires. It is merely the smoke arising from the conflagration of money at the State capital.

HOAR RENOMINATED.

The Veteran Senator Had Plain Sailing in Massachusetts.

REPUBLICAN SNARL IN DELAWARE

They Failed to Come to an Agreement Monday Night and a Deadlock Again Seems to be on the Cards in That State.

THE ADDICKS PEOPLE ARE FIRM

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—Senator George F. Hoar was yesterday renominated as the candidate for United States senator by the republican senators of Massachusetts.

The vote was unanimous. Mr. Hoar has been a member of the senate since March, 1877.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 15.—Two caucuses were held last night over the contest for United States senators from Delaware.

The democrats met early in the evening and transacted their business with surprising dispatch. Willard Saulsbury was nominated for the senatorial vacancy caused by the failure of the last legislature to elect a successor to Senator George Gray. The first ballot stood: Saulsbury 15, former Attorney Gen. John Biggs 5, Chief Justice Chas. B. Lore 1. The nomination of Saulsbury was made unanimous. For the full term, to succeed United States Senator Richard R. Kenney. Mr. Kenney was nominated, and the democrats resolved to stand together.

The 29 republicans did not come to any agreement last night and a long deadlock seems inevitable. The Addicks men issued a call and urged a conference of all republicans, but only 16 assemblymen answered by meeting in the senate chamber late last night. The Addicks men had calculated on two others elected as independent republicans and 4 regular republicans answered their call, and this would have given them within 5 votes of the necessary 27. As they stood last night, however, they were 11 votes short.

Democratic State Chairman Saulsbury last night gave an interview expressing his gratification at the honor of first choice of his fellow democrats but concluded that from the situation Delaware will have two vacancies in the United States senate.

State Chairman Allee speaking for Mr. Addicks last night, said:

"The people will force this issue to a conclusion and it will be John Ward Addicks and a regular republican and they'll be elected by republican votes."

Twitted by a regular republican that the Addicks' men were going to deal with the Kenney democrats, Senator Allee said:

"I don't say so under any consideration but I do say we can do it and you can't do it."

The anti-Addicks assemblymen retired without holding any conference.

To the Front in a Pullman Special.

Hon. John K. Thompson, of Philipsburg, one of Centre's representatives to the General Assembly, has been just two weeks behind time in getting to his post of duty, but when he did go he went in style. On Saturday evening a special Pullman car rolled into Tyrone on the tail end of the Fast Line, and was at once detached and coupled to the Philipsburg train, and in due time was side-tracked in our mountain city awaiting the pleasure of the resident member from Centre. With the special was a choice line of machine beaters-in whose presence and mission in Philipsburg set the town by the ears and filled the air with rumors of sundry and various schemes and plans for kidnapping and body-snatching.

Whatever the nature of the design of the coterie of legislative vote "getters" it brought forth fruit, for on Sunday evening in the special Pullman with a special engine Mr. Thompson journeyed to Harrisburg under machine escort. It is a natural assumption that Mr. Thompson has *recovered* from his recent *harrassing* indisposition. A consultation of *doctors* who know how to treat such cases, and the application of heroic and all-powerful remedies always effects a speedy cure—when the patient is willing.

—Sheriff Brungart was so unfortunate last Friday as to lose his fine driving horse. Its leg was broken by being kicked, and it was necessary to kill it.

—Mrs. John N. Lane and Mrs. R. G. H. Hayes will entertain the Euchre Club at the home of Mrs. Hayes on South Spring street tomorrow evening.

—A fan for the Berwind-White mines at Windber, will be a marvel, as it would blow a human form out of its path, if put to its utmost speed.

DEATH OF LAWRENCE J. MULL.

A Prominent Young Man of Philipsburg has Passed Away.

Shortly afternoon on Friday a telegram was received at Philipsburg, conveying the sad and entirely unexpected news of the death of Lawrence J. Mull, which occurred at New York on Thursday night. About two weeks ago in company with his aunt, Miss Julia Hale, Lawrence went to Philadelphia; from there they went over to New York on Thursday of last week. The following Monday they went to Hartford, Conn., to visit relatives, returning to New York on Thursday. During all this time he was in his usual health and so far as is known there was no reason to fear this sudden ending of life.

Lawrence J. Mull, second son of Laura H. and the late John A. Mull, was born in Philipsburg, April 16, 1877, and except while at school and traveling in Europe, has spent his life at Halehurst, the family home. While still a boy, his health showed signs of breaking and since that time no effort has been spared to restore it, but it was all too evident to the family and friends that the blessing of health could never be his and he realized himself that his life would probably be a short one.

Handsome, kindly, ever ready to promote the pleasure of others, he made hosts of friends who sincerely sympathize with the bereaved mother and aunt and the two brothers, Reuben and Nathan, who survive. From his boyhood he has been deeply interested in church work and the mission at Ashcroft will feel his loss greatly.

The body was brought home Saturday morning at 9:40 and the funeral took place Tuesday afternoon.

To Suppress Cigarette Smoking.

An exchange says: A moment has been begun in the McKeesport schools to suppress the cigarette habit, and promises to have more than ordinary success. Out of 174 school boys it was found that 149 had already had a taste of cigarette smoking, and a number of girls had also tried cigarettes. Many of these were pretty steady smokers. The scheme of getting the boys to sign a pledge was devised, and the pupils themselves have shown an appreciative interest in the movement. The signature of every boy and girl in the high school has been secured to the pledge. The other schools will be canvassed in the same way. In each school a league is formed to attend to the carrying out of the pledge. The success achieved in McKeesport is likely to lead to the adoption of similar work in other places.

Building Boom at Jersey Shore.

The demand for houses is so great in Jersey Shore that there is a movement on foot to organize an improvement company for the sole purpose of erecting houses and a great many of the citizens are contemplating building, hoping to supply the demand. It is stated that 150 new houses will be erected the coming summer. Lots are being sold all over the town, and as soon as possible houses will be built on them, as they are not being purchased simply for an investment. There is not the slightest doubt but that the greatest building boom that has ever occurred on the West Branch valley will soon take place at the "Shore."

On the N. G. P. Retired List.

An order, recently issued, from the Adjutant General's office places on the retired list of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, Lieutenant-Colonel Wilbur Fisk Reeder, late Assistant Adjutant General of the commander-in-chief, and Judge Advocate of the Second Brigade, to date from December 11, 1900.

—Rev. Francis Murphy, who became chaplain of the Fifth regiment in the Spanish war service, after the resignation of Chaplain Hartman, sailed recently for New Zealand and Australia. He is known all over the American continent as one of the most popular men in the temperance field. It is his sympathy and warmth of heart which have made his success. "I go," said Mr. Murphy, "to promulgate the principles of love and good will among men, hoping thus to redeem them from the curse of intemperance. The work I shall carry on is one of peace and persuasion, not of radical method, I do not believe the temperance cause can be successfully carried out by the enactment of drastric prohibitive laws. Every man must be a law unto himself. He must frame the principles of his life upon the word of God. The holy messages of the Scriptures must not be brought to him with the violence of argumentative combat. They must come in the spirit of love and quiet, persuasive reason. The new age is to be one of reason and persuasion."

Additional Locals.

—Mrs. Jerry Nolan is very ill at her home on South Thomas street.

—Chapped hands, cracked lips and toughness of the skin cured quickly by Banner Salve, the most healing ointment in the world. All druggists,

—Rev. H. K. Carroll, D. D., one of the missionary secretaries of the Methodist church, will preach in the Trinity M. E. church at Philipsburg, morning and evening, Jan. 20th.

—Mrs. Thomas A. Shoemaker entertained a party of friends at lunch Thursday in honor of Miss Mary Thomas, of Philadelphia, who is a guest at the home of Mrs. J. M. Dale.

—Save doctor's bills by giving Foley's Honey and Tar to infants and children in time to prevent pneumonia or croup, which are fatal to so many thousands of babies. All druggists.

—The Odd Fellows in Boalsburg are refurnishing their hall. The furniture selected is beautiful and when arranged the Boalsburg hall will be one of the prettiest and cosiest meeting places to be wished for.

—Mrs. Mary Ward, of Pine Grove Mills, mother of Dr. J. E. Ward of this place, narrowly escaped choking to death at noon Thursday. A piece of meat became lodged in her throat and only the most heroic treatment released it.

—LaGrippe coughs often continue for months and sometimes lead to fatal results after the patient is supposed to have passed the danger point. Foley's Honey and Tar affords positive protection and security from these coughs. All druggists.

—Mrs. Maggie Hess wife of Newton Hess of Pine Grove Mills, suffered by a very painful accident at her home on Tuesday nigh. She was passing the stove when a vessel of boiling water was turned over on her scalding her, lower limbs and feet very badly.

—Clyde Smith is improving from his serious injuries received by falling from a telephone arm several weeks ago at State College. At present he is able to walk about the house but is suffering considerable from a bealed jaw, the result of a splintered jaw-bone.

—The Philipsburg Daily Journal is sporting a new dress and presents an attractive and up-to-date appearance. The Daily Journal is one of the best and "cleanest" papers on our exchange list and we are glad to note a prosperity and progression which its new dress indicates.

—Ella Shady, of Porter township, Clinton county, has been placed in jail to await trial at court on the charge of pulling a revolver on E. E. McClintock, of near Lamar. The woman had taken a dislike to her neighbor and was making life unpleasant for all when she was arrested and sent to jail.

—The family of John Brown, of near Penns Cave, has been stricken with the deepest bereavement. A little daughter aged eight years took diphtheria and died, and at present the father and one son are suffering from the same disease, leaving the mother, who is worn out and distressed, to care for both.

—The dairy school in connection with Pennsylvania State College was opened last week with a class of forty students. Seventy-one applications for admission were received, but the limited space and equipment for instruction made it impossible to accept more than 40. The students represent 21 counties of the commonwealth.

—Wm. McFalls a young man who at one time was in the employ of Col. Fred Reynolds and afterwards worked for Messrs. Geo. Beezer and Isaac Lose, went to Pittsburg and on last Thursday was kicked by a horse and on Sunday he died. Young McFalls had a great many friends in Bellefonte who feel very badly over his death.

—At the recent election of officers of the Methodist Episcopal Sabbath school Maurice J. Babb, of the Academy, was elected superintendent, with W. I. Fleming assistant. H. H. Harshberger, who competently and most faithfully filled the position for 13 years, positively refused to serve another term and his successor was well chosen. Mr. Babb is young, energetic, untiring and intelligent. He is most popular with the Academy students and is, moreover, an enthusiastic Sabbath school worker.

—The large barn on the farm of ex-County Commissioner Uriah Shuman, of Juniata county, two miles east of Thompsontown, was totally destroyed by fire, together with all its contents and the adjoining outbuildings, on Sunday night. Fourteen horses, thirty head of fine Jersey cattle, a large flock of sheep, a large quantity of grain and feed, the wagon shed containing all the farming implements, the chicken coop and the corn crib, were all destroyed, entailing a loss of $10,000. The insurance will cover one-third of the loss. The fire was of incendiary origin.

—A wreck occurred on the Penn'a Fire Brick Company railroad, at Beech Creek, Thursday morning, at Miller's farm, caused by a truck jumping the track. The men were thrown from the cars and also a number of ties which were used in extending the line towards the mines. It appears that the cars, men and ties were all dumped into one pile and after they were extricated it was found that several of the men were injured. Among those reported are one from Beech Creek named Myers and one from Marsh Creek named Welsh.

FILIPINOS' PETITION.

Remarkable Document Introduced by Teller in the Senate.

IT WAS DENOUNCED BY HAWLEY

Purports to Be Signed by the Leading People of Manila, Lauds the Work of Aguinaldo and Prays for Independence.

SENATE DISCUSSES THE ARMY BILL

WASHINGTON, January 11.—On the desk of Mr. Gallinger at the opening of Thursday's session of the senate lay a bunch of beautiful roses, sent by friends as a testimonial of his efforts to secure the abolition of the canteen in the army.

Mr. Vest and Mr. Rawlins announced that they had been detained unavoidably from the senate Wednesday when the vote upon the canteen question was taken. They would have voted, had they been present, to sustain the action of the senate committee—that is against the abolition of the canteen.

Mr. Teller presented a memorial from 2,006 "Filipinos and peaceful inhabitants" of Manila. The memorial was in the form of an appeal to the congress of the United States, and, as Mr. Teller stated, "signed personally by the leading people of Manila and that section lawyers, bankers and professional men, representing the best elements of that community." It reviewed the circumstances leading up to the present struggle of the Filipinos for independence. It paid a high tribute to the work of Aguinaldo and his coadjutors in their endeavor to obtain liberty and independence for the people of the Philippines.

Reference was made to some of the principal events of the present revolution against American authority, the petition urging that the American troops had failed to make a serious impression upon the revolutionary party. It pointed out that Aguinaldo had declared he might lose the hope of victory, but he would not lose the hope of dying for liberty and independence of his people. It points out that the revolution has the support of practically all the people of the Philippines and declares that though 100 revolutionists be destroyed 1,000 will rise up to support the fight for independence.

The Filipino nation, the memorial continues, bearing in mind the history of America and its humanitarian doctrines, asks the government of the United States to cease "its persecution of men struggling to be free—struggling against greater odds and greater wrongs than those which inspired the fathers of this republic." This they ask, "in the name of Washington, of Jefferson, of Lincoln, in the name of justice and in the name of the God eternal."

The appeal declares that an autonomy similar to that enjoyed by Canada or Australia would not be acceptable to the Filipinos, who desire full liberty and independence, and they urge the government of the United States to give them liberty and independence.

When the reading of the memorial had been concluded Mr. Teller asked that it be printed as a document.

"I object," said Mr. Hawley, "it is a treasonable denunciation of our government and an attack upon our soldiers."

The senate resumed consideration of the army reorganization bill. An amendment was adopted providing that persons not over 40 years of age who have served as volunteers subsequent to April 21, 1898 may be appointed first and second lieutenants in the regular army.

The amendments providing for the appointment of Generals James H. Wilson, Fitzhugh Lee and General Shafter to be major generals of the regular army and retired, precipitated an extended and, on the part of Mr. Pettigrew, a bitter debate. The amendments prevailed, however, despite the opposition.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Prop's, Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALKING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c, per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

—Miss Bertha Atwood is confined to her home on North Spring street with a severe attack of diphtheria.

Thousands Sent Into Exile.

Every year a large number of poor sufferers whose lungs are sore and racked with coughs are urged to go to another climate. But this is costly and not always sure. Don't be an exile when Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption will cure you at home. It's the most infallible medicine for Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung diseases on earth. The first dose brings relief. Astounding cures result from persistent use. Trial bottles free at F. Potts Green's. Price 50c and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

The Engineer

Leaning from the cab window does more with his ears than his eyes. The "rumble and grumble and roar" of his engine are to him articulate speech, and a false note in that jumble of sounds would catch his ear as quickly as a discord would strike the ear of the leader of an orchestra.

He thinks more of his engine than himself. That is why he neglects to notice symptoms which are full of warning. The foul tongue, the bitter taste, sour risings, and undue fullness after eating are but symptoms of dyspepsia or some form of disease involving the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition. In time the heart, liver, lungs, or other organs are involved and the engineer has to lay off.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition. It purifies the blood and builds up the body with sound healthy flesh.

"I used ten bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and several vials of his 'Pleasant Pellets' a year ago this spring, and have had no trouble with indigestion since," writes Mr. W. T. Thompson, of Townsend, Broadwater Co., Montana. "Words fail to tell how thankful I am for the relief, as I had suffered so much and it seemed that the doctors could do me no good. I got down in weight to 125 pounds, and was not able to work at all. Now I weigh 166 and can do a day's work on the farm. I have recommended your medicine to several, and shall always have a good word to say for Dr. Pierce and his medicine."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

Plucky Young Woman.

A special from Sinnemahoning to the North American, January 7, says:

Leaning over a yawning chasm, holding fast by one arm, while she operated a camera with the other hand, Miss Minnie Van Liew photographed the Sinnemahoning Pedestrians' club, as its members posed on the dizzy heights of the big rock on the Allegheny mountains a few days ago. A slip and she would have plunged to death, 1,100 feet below. Miss Van Liew is a resident of Seattle, Washington.

The club, of which Miss Van Liew is an honorary member, is made up of energetic young women of this quiet town, with whom mountain climbing is a favorite pastime. No peak of the Alleghenies is too difficult of access for them. One of their favorite haunts is known as Big Rock, a large crag 1,100 feet high, a perpendicular wall, overlooking the Sinnemahoning Valley. Nine out of every ten men who attempt the ascent quit discouraged. The young man who cannot scale this beetling cliff with them is looked upon as unworthy [illegible] companionship, and finds himself quickly outside their circle of friends. There is no other point on the big rock at which the club photograph could be taken than the one described, and Miss Van Liew volunteered to take it.

A Deep Mystery.

It is a mystery why women endure Backache, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells when thousands have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such troubles. "I suffered for years with kidney trouble," writes Mrs. Phebe Cherley, of Peterson, Ia., "and a lame back pained me so I could not dress myself, but Electric Bitters wholly cured me, and, although 73 years old, I now am able to do my own housework." It overcomes constipation, improves appetite, gives perfect health. Only 50c at F. Potts Green's drug store.

A Sad Death.

Miss Ella McWilliams, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. McWilliams, of Rock Springs, aged 19 years, died on Friday of convulsions at her home in that place. She retired in her usual health on Wednesday night, but Thursday could not be aroused. She was unconscious and notwithstanding every effort of the family physician to arouse her, she remained in that condition until death.

The deceased was a conscientious Christian lady, a member of the Presbyterian church, and is survived by her parents, two brothers and two sisters.

Funeral took place Monday morning at 10 o'clock, Rev. Love officiating; interment at Graysville cemetery.

Over a Ten Foot Embankment.

Frank Morelock, while unloading brake beams Monday at Jersey Shore, caught his glove on one of the beams and was carried with it over a ten foot embankment. His left shoulder was dislocated and his head was badly gashed. He has been unconscious since.

Blown to Atoms.

The old idea that the body sometimes needs a powerful, drastic, purgative pills has been exploded; for Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are perfectly harmless, gently stimulate liver and bowels to expel poisonous matter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure constipation and sick headache. Only 25c at F. Potts Green's drug store.

Purchased the Patton Courier.

Ray E. Decker, formerly editor of the Ridgway Star, has purchased the Patton Courier. He has enlarged the paper and made other improvements. The Courier is a bright weekly and well maintains its reputation of giving the news of that ocality.

United Brethren Church at Philipsburg Dedicated.

On Sunday Jan 6, less than a month since the Trinity Methodist Episcopal church was rededicated, another house of worship was dedicated in Philipsburg to the service of God. This was the building erected by the United Brethren, which has been under way for some years, and finally, under the energetic efforts of Rev. Graham, the present pastor, was completed. It is located at the southwest corner of Pine and Tenth streets, in a part of town remote from a church building of any denomination, and where it will be a great power for good. The structure is of cased brick, with slate roof. A neat vestibule affords entrance to the main auditorium and is lighted by a stained glass memorial window contributed by Almoner Commandery, No. 88, Knights of Malta. The auditorium is large, well lighted with stained glass windows and is seated in semi-circular style with handsome and comfortable oak pews. Inside the handsome altar rails is the pulpit, with a substantial reading desk of carved oak and the other ordinary pulpit furniture Adjoining the main auditorium is the Sabbath school room. The church is heated with a furnace and the floor is nicely carpeted.

The church was crowded by an interested audience to hear Bishop Kephart, who preached a fine sermon. The bishop is a man of dignified presence and scholarly manner, and the people of this locality can well be proud of him.

The choir was assisted in rendering the very excellent music by members of the Methodist and Lutheran choirs.

At the close of the service Bishop Kephart proceeded to raise the money necessary to clear the church of debt, $2400, the building having cost $4500, and never was money given more cheerfully. When it got down to subscriptions of a few dollars it literally rained money. Between $1700 and $1800 was contributed at the morning service and the balance during the day, people of all denominations responding most generously.

Monday evening Bishop Kephart delivered an eloquent lecture on his 'Observations in the Orient" to a good audience.

The United Brethren certainly are to be congratulated on the successful completion of their pretty church building and its freedom from debt.—Philipsburg Ledger.

—There is a possibility that within a few months one of Western Pennsylvania's most prominent federal officials will be out of a job, says a dispatch from Washington. This would be brought about by the consolidation of the Pittsburg pension agency with that at Philadelphia, thus abolishing the office now held by Major J. W. Nesbit. During the present administration arrangements have been effected by which payment is made by checks direct from the pension bureau at Washington, thus practically doing away with the necessity of agencies. Commissioner Evans thinks pensioner would be brought into closer relations with the bureau if the agencies were wiped out.

The Army Canteen is to be Abolished.

The Senate Wednesday by a very decisive vote, concurred in the House provision in the Army reorganization bill, doing away with the sale of intoxicating liquors at post exchanges.

REV. J. WESLEY HILL, D. D., pastor of the Grace Methodist church in Harrisburg, who was appointed chaplain of the State Senate, is said to have been appointed at the request of President McKinley and Senator Hanna.

THE Senate has confirmed the appointment of Oscar F. Williams, of New York, as consul general at Singapore to succeed the late W. Irvin Shaw, of Clearfield county, who committed suicide in Philadelphia recently.

Three Holidays in February.

The next legal holiday will be Lincoln's birthday, February 12. The spring election will be held on Tuesday, February 19, and Washington's birthday will come on the 22nd. This makes February the banner month for holidays in this state.

—The writing of obscene letters by Mrs. John Jones, of Berwick, is laid to insanity, always a convenient excuse for crime.

—The United Evangelical congregation at Spring Mills had an opening of their church last Saturday and Sunday, the 12th and 13th insts. Dr. A. E. Gobble, president of Central Pennsylvania College, at New Berlin; Rev. W. W. Rhoads, of Centre Hall; Rev. N. J. Dubs, of Rebersburg; Rev. J. A. Hollenbach, of Altoona, and other ministers were present on the occasion.

—A national bank is to be established at Cresson with a capital stock of $25,000, the comptroller of the currency having approved the application therefore last week.

—John Gault, of Houtzdale, was made happy by being granted a pension of $8 a month and $400 back pay.

—The Clearfield Presbyterians have voted to put $20,000 into repairing their church.

IMMORAL SUASION.

It Has Certain Advantages Over The Milder Moral Method.

Moral suasion, the appeal to the rational nature of man, is doubtless a very good thing. But it will not compare with immoral suasion for inducing swiftness of thought or promptness of action. The burglar surprised in his raid and requested to "please go away" will argue the case in the forceful burglar way. But when a pistol is pushed in his face with the laconic order, "Get!"—he goes and stands not on the order of his going. The pistol, with its six solid arguments, is a wonderful persuader, and

in the line of immoral suasion cannot be surpassed.

It is a reflection on man's reason that he often refuses to do what common sense dictates until he is forced to do it. Common sense tells a man that he cannot live irregularly and keep his health He is warned and admonished time and again that hasty eating and irregular meals result in diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. But because Nature does not directly threaten his life as the pistol does he goes right along until he is obliged to reform because disease forces him to do so

UNHEEDED WARNINGS.

It is only when all her warnings have been unheeded that Nature no longer says "You should not" but "You shall not." This is practically what happens when the lover of high living has to give up dainty dishes, sweets and condiments and come down to a diet of oatmeal or tea and toast.

There are thousands of dyspeptics whose condition shuts them out from all the pleasures of the table. There are thousands of others who are on the high road to a like condition, unheeding the warnings of the protesting stomach.

The great fact is that every man and woman who suffers from dyspepsia can be almost certainly cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It always helps. It almost always cures. Only two people in every hundred who give "Golden Medical Discovery" a fair and faithful trial fail of a perfect and permanent cure.

"I have been thinking of writing to you for some time," writes Mrs. W. D. Benson, of Maxton, Robeson Co., N. C., "to let you know what a wonderful thing Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery did for my little boy. He was taken with indigestion when he was a year and a half old, and he was under the doctor's treatment for five long years. We spent all we made for doctor bills, and it did no good. When he would take a spell of indigestion he would lie for ten and fifteen days, and it seemed as though he would die. He had these spells every two or three weeks. He could not eat anything only a little milk and cracker, and sometimes even this would make him sick. He could not eat any meat or vegetables and he got very weak; could not sit up all day, and I gave up all hope of his ever getting any better. Three years ago I found one of your books, and on looking it over one day I noticed Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery recomended for indigestion. We bought some and gave it to our boy. He had been treated at Hood's Creek by a good doctor, and at Bennettsville, S. C., and at Currie, and Lumberton and Maxton, and was only relieved for a short time. We gave him two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and it cured him. He is well as can be and can eat anything that he wants and it does not hurt him. He has not been sick a day since and it has been three years since he took your medicine. I can safely say that he is well."

WHERE WILL IT END?

No one can say where the results of disease of the stomach and its allied organs will end. The stomach is the source of supply for each organ of the body. Whatever affects the stomach to reduce its strength and its ability to provide nutrition for the dependent organs will also affect the organs themselves. Heart, liver, lungs, kidneys, all must share the "weakness" of the stomach. When diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition are cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, diseases of other organs originating in stomach "weakness" and innutrition are cured at the same time.

"I sent you a letter about a year ago," writes Mrs. J. Ellis Hamilton, of Farmington, Marion Co., West Va. "I stated my case as plainly as I could, and received a letter from you in a few days, telling me to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Favorite Prescription'—a bottle of each. I used three of each, and feel like a new woman. Don't suffer any pain or misery any more. Before using your medicines I suffered all the time—had jaundice, caused from food not digesting properly. I would have sick headache three and four times a week, and jaundice every four or five weeks. Could not do the work myself. I commenced using your medicines as recommended for liver complaint, and I am cured. I doctored three years without relief, only for a short time, and then I was as bad as ever. Haven't had sick headache since I took the first bottle of medicine."

There is no alcohol in "Golden Medical Discovery," and it is absolutely free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics.

A FULL TABLE

The table of contents, of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, offers a wide range for the thoughtful or the curious reader. In the 1008 large pages of this remarkable book have been condensed the sum of human knowledge upon the vital truths of biology, physiology and hygiene. It is full of helpful household hints on home medicine and treatment. Among its 700 illustrations are pictures of medicinal herbs and instructions as to their value and preparation for use. The book is a mine of valuable knowledge, and it is sent absolutely *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound volume, or only 21 stamps for the book in paper-covers. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

What Pleases Them.

THE WOMAN.

It pleases her to be told that she is fascinating.

It pleases her to be called well dressed.

It pleases her to be called sensible.

It pleases her to depend on some man and pretend that she is ruling him.

It pleases her to be told that she improves man by her companionship.

It pleases her to be treated courteously and with respect, and to be talked to reasonably.

It pleases her to be treated sensibly and honestly, to be considered and questioned and not treated as a butterfly, with no head or heart.

It pleases her to be loved and admired by a man who is strong enough to rule and subdue her, and make his way her way, to lead her and take care of her.

It pleases her to find happiness in being ruled by an intellect that she can look up to admiringly, and one to whom her mind bows in reverence.

THE MAN.

It pleases the man to have a woman love him.

It pleases him to have a woman lead him in the way he wants to go.

It pleases him to have a woman sometimes treat him as a great big baby, to be cared for, petted and caressed.

It pleases him to have a woman think him great, and good, and true, and favor him with her attentions accordingly.

It pleases him to have a woman's bright eyes expressing the approbation, approval and admiration the lips do not speak.

It pleases him to have a woman's hand smooth away the careworn expression and wrinkles from his brow.

It pleases him to have a woman's strength to help him over the weak places in life.

It pleases a worthy man who tries to be good to have a sweet woman lead him in the way called beautiful. A woman can sink a man to the depths of misery, or help him to the zenith of happiness. Her frown can depress him; her smile inspire him.

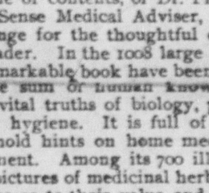
—*McCall's Magazine.*

Heavy Machinery.

The Raftsman's Journal says: The Clearfield Machine shops shipped 42,000 pounds of metal to the new fire brick works at Beech Creek, this week. It included much of the machinery, some of the large wheels weighing 6,000 pounds.

—J. A. Lambert, of Rachel, N. C., writes: "I heartily endorse Foley's Kidney Cure. It does what you claim it will do, and there is nothing equal to it, and I thank you for the good it has done me." Accept no substitute. All druggists.

—Philip B. Brower, of Runville, has been granted a pension of $8.00 per month. Mrs. Wilhelminia Packer, of Romola, has also been granted a pension of $8.00 per month.



Two Big Pains

seem to be the heritage of the human family everywhere, viz:

Rheumatism

and

Neuralgia

but there is one sure and prompt cure for both, viz:

St. Jacobs Oil

Railroad Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES
Schedule in effect Nov. 26, 1900.

Via Tyrone—Westward.

Le ve Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m, at Pittsburg 6.55 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Altoona 7.35 p m, at Pittsburg 11 30 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward,

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philadelphia 5.47 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 10 p m

Via Lock Haven—Northward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.43 p m, at Williamsport 3.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12 40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.15 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.43 p m, arrive at Williamsport 3.50 p m, leave 4.00 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9 30 p m, leave Williamsport 1.05 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.55 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 6.52 a m

Via Lewisburg.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m, Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 2.45 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.47, at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia at 10.20 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. B. HUTCHENSON, General Manager.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD.
Time table in effect Nov. 26, 1900

NORTHWARD. EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.
P M	P M	A M	Lv Ar	P M	A M	P M
7 20	3 30	8 20	..... Tyrone	8 55	11 20	6 10
7 26	3 38	8 26	...East Tyrone..	8 49	11 14	6 04
7 28		8 28	.....Tyrone S.....		11 12	6 02
7 31	3 40	8 31	..... Vail	8 45	11 09	5 59
7 41	3 51	8 42	...Vanscoyoc...	8 38	11 02	5 52
7 45	3 55	8 47	.....Gardner	8 35	10 59	5 48
7 54	4 05	8 57	...Mt. Pleasant..	8 27	10 51	5 39
8 00	4 12	9 03	..... Summit	8 20	10 44	5 32
8 04	4 16	9 09	...Sandy Ridge..	8 14	10 38	5 27
8 06	4 18	9 11	.....Retort	8 11	10 35	5 21
8 07	4 20	9 12	..... Powelton	8 09	10 33	5 19
8 15	4 30	9 19	..... Osceola	7 59	10 22	5 08
		9 26	.Osceola Junct		10 20	5 04
8 19	4 34	9 29	..... Boynton	7 55	10 17	5 01
8 23	4 38	9 32	..... Steiners	7 51	10 13	4 57
8 26	4 41	9 40	...Philipsburg ...	7 50	10 12	4 56
8 31	4 57	9 45	.....Graham	7 46	10 07	4 51
8 36	5 02	9 50	... Blue Ball....	7 41	10 02	4 46
8 42	5 08	9 56	....Wallaceton...	7 36	9 56	4 39
8 47	5 14	10 02	.....Bigler	7 31	9 50	4 33
8 53	5 20	10 08	.....Woodland.....	7 26	9 45	4 27
8 56	5 22	10 11	Mineral Sprig's	7 25	9 42	4 25
9 00	5 25	10 15	..... Barrett	7 21	9 40	4 20
9 05	5 30	10 22	.....Leonard.....	7 17	9 35	4 15
9 09	5 37	10 26	.....Clearfield ...	7 13	9 31	4 09
9 14	5 44	10 32	....Elverview....	7 09	9 26	4 03
9 20	5 50	10 39	Susque. Bridge	7 04	9 20	3 56
9 25	6 05	10 44	..Curwensville ..	7 00	9 15	3 51
	6 11	10 50	.....Rustic.....	6 54		3 35
	6 19	10 58	.....Stronach	6 46		3 27
	6 25	11 04	....Grampian	6 40		3 21
P M	P M	A M	Ar Lv	P M	A M	P M

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after May 28, 1900.

Westward. 55	53	51		50	Eastward. 52	54
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
3 45	12 10	8 55	...Lock Haven..	10 30	2 43	9 30
3 49		8 59	... Flemington ...	10 24	2 39	9 26
3 51	12 16	9 01	.....Mill Hall.....	10 22	2 37	9 24
4 02	12 26	9 12	...Beech Creek...	10 11	2 26	9 13
4 05	12 29	9 15	.....Eagleville....	10 08	2 23	9 10
4 11	12 38	9 24	..... Howard.....	9 59	2 14	9 01
4 20		9 30	...Mount Eagle...	9 53	2 08	8 55
4 25	12 48	9 34	.....Curtin.....	9 49	2 04	8 51
4 32	12 55	9 41	.....Milesburg.....	9 40	1 55	8 43
4 44	1 05	9 53	.....Bellefonte.....	9 28	1 42	8 31
4 53	1 13	10 01	....Milesburg	9 18	1 33	8 23
4 56	1 16	10 04	...Snow Shoe Int...	9 15	1 30	8 20
5 03	1 23	10 11	.....Unionville.....	9 07	1 23	8 12
5 12	1 31	10 20	.....Julian	8 58	1 14	8 23
5 21	1 39	10 28	.....Martha.....	8 49	1 05	7 54
5 28	1 45	10 36	...Port Matilda...	8 42	1 00	7 47
5 35	1 51	10 44	.....Hannah.....	8 35	12 54	7 40
5 37		10 46	.....Fowler.....	8 33	12 52	7 38
5 40		10 49	.....Dix.....	8 30	12 50	7 35
5 46	2 01	10 56	...Bald Eagle...	8 24	12 44	7 29
5 50	2 05	11 00	.....Vail	8 20	12 40	7 25
5 54	2 09	11 04	...East Tyrone...	8 16	12 36	7 21
6 00	2 15	11 10	.....Tyrone.....	8 10	12 30	7 15
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD
In effect May 27, 1900.

Westward. p m	a m		Eastward a m	p m
1 38	5 40	.....Montandon.....	9 15	4 55
1 45	6 35	..... Lewisburg	9 05	4 47
1 57	6 47	..... Vicksburg	8 53	4 35
2 05	6 55	.....Mifflinburg	8 45	4 27
2 16	7 07	.....Milimont.....	8 33	4 16
2 23	7 13	.....Glen Iron.....	8 26	4 08
2 54	7 40	....Paddy Mountain...	8 00	3 43
3 02	7 50	.....Coburn.....	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57	.....Zerby.....	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05	.....Rising Spring.....	7 35	3 17
3 23	8 11	.....Penns Cave.....	7 28	3 10
3 30	8 18	..... Centre Hall.....	7 22	3 02
3 35	8 24	.....Gregg	7 17	2 55
3 42	8 31	.....Linden Hall.....	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35	.....Oak Hall.....	7 06	2 43
3 50	8 39	.....Lemont.....	7 02	2 39
3 54	8 43	..... Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 00	8 52	.....Pleasant Gap.....	6 48	2 24
4 06	8 58	.....Axemann.....	6 45	2 21
4 19	9 00	.....Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEPT Sunday—In effect July 10, 1899.

a m		STATIONS.		p m
11 26	7 27	Arrive Snow Shoe Leave	7 30	3 15
10 00	6 05	Snow Shoe Intersection	9 15	4 56
10 01	5 55	Milesburg	9 18	5 05
9 53	5 42	Leave Bellefonte Arrive	9 32	5 26

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD. College Accm.		Exp.			EASTWARD. Mail.	Exp.	Bellf Ac
1†	†5	†3			†2	†4	6†
a.m	p m	a m	Lv	Ar	a m	p mp	m
6 30	4 15	10 30	Bellefonte		8 50	2 40	6 4
6 35	4 21	10 37	Coleville		8 40	2 35	6 3
f6 38	f4 25	f10 42	Morris		f 8 37	f2 32	f6 27
f6 43	f4 28	f10 47	Whitmer		f8 35	f2 17	f6 23
f6 46	f4 33	f10 53	Hunters		f8 31	f2 10	f6 21
f6 50	f4 36	f10 56	Filmore		f8 28	f2 06	f6 18
f6 55	f4 40	f11 02	Briarly		f8 24	f2 00	f6 14
7 00	4 43	11 05	Waddle		8 20	1 55	6 10
f7 03	f4 45	f11 08	Lambourn		f8 18	f1 52	f6 07
f7 12	f4 55	f11 20	Krumrine		f8 07	f1 37	f5 52
7 25	5 00	11 15	State College		8 00	1 30	5 45
f7 27	f5 05	f11 24	Struble		f7 45	f1 34	f5 25
f7 31	f5 10		Bloomsdor		f7 40		of5 20
7 35	5 15		Pine Grv Mills		7 35		5 15

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.

f stops on flag. † Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Sup't.

Tried Five Doctors.

Mrs. Frances L. Sales of Missouri Valley, Ia., writes: "I had severe kidney trouble for years, had tried five doctors without benefit, but three bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure cured me." All Druggists.

CRUSADE AGAINST VICE.

Big Mass Meeting of Citizens Held in Philadelphia.

WOMEN WERE IN A MAJORITY

Bishop Potter Told of the Movement for Better Government in New York, Rev. Dr. Hoyt Tells of Immorality.

CITY ADMINISTRATION DENOUNCED

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 10.—A mass meeting of citizens, of which meeting Bishop Henry C. Potter, of New York, was the central figure, was held in the Academy of Music Wednesday night for the purpose of taking preliminary steps in starting a general crusade against vice in this city. The big building was crowded, most of those present being women. Bishop Potter had been invited by a committee of clergymen to address an audience on crime in large communities. The bishop, when introduced, was enthusiastically welcomed. He refrained from saying much of the conditions of vice as they prevail in this city, leaving that for the local speakers to tell. The bishop touched briefly on his boyhood days, which were spent here, and then discussed in a general way the centralization of power which he said exists today in many walks of life. He said there is in the popular mind a belief that judges on the bench, men in the legislative halls and the smallest politicians are purchaseable. That such a condition should exist, he said, was a dishonor.

Bishop Potter then spoke of the great movement for better government started in New York and said conditions that exist in Philadelphia are no different from those prevailing elsewhere. Spoilsmen and public officers who betray their trust should be given no peace. If Philadelphia would take up the work, he said, the two cities could go forward hand in hand in the right direction.

The Rev. Dr. Wayland Hoyt, of this city delivered a strong address against the alleged immortality of the city. He severely criticized the present municipal administration and said there were in the city "over 700 houses of women whose paths lead to death.

Addresses were also made by Philip C. Garret, chairman of the meeting; Bishop Whittaker, of the Protestant Episcopal church of the diocese of Pennsylvania, and ex-Postmaster John Field.

A resolution was adopted by the meeting to the effect that the citizens of Philadelphia "Recognize that our city has fallen under the sway of its worst elements, organized into a political machine, which, by its control of vast revenue, the spoils of office, unwarranted use of police power and other agencies, afflicts us with almost every form of misgovernment."

The resolution also provides for the appointment of a committee to begin a movement for the betterment of the prevailing conditions.

The Municipal convention met last night and adjourned until January 19 without making any nominations for receiver of taxes or magistrate. This plan was decided upon to await the corporation of the commission appointed at the citizens' meeting held in the Academy of Music. When the Municipal league convention reassembles on January 19 it is expected and understanding will have been reached between the Municipal league managers and the other reform forces looking to the selection of candidates around whom an aggressive fight can be waged at next month's election.

Got Instant Relief From Piles.

This most irritating disease relieved in ten minutes by using Dr. Agnew's Ointment, and a cure in from three to six nights. Thousands testify of its goodness Good for Eczema, Salt Rheum, and all skin diseases. If you are without faith, one application will convince. 35 cts.,—64. Sold by F. Potts Green.

—The Renovo "News" has been treated to a new dress by Editor Darrah and the improvement shows push and energy on the part of the editor.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cure wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

—Geo. E. Owens has retired from the Clearfield Republican. The name of the firm now is "The Republican Publishing Co.", with Lawyer Geo. M. Bilger in the editorial chair.

If Banner Salve

doesn't cure your piles, your money will be returned. It is the most healing medicine. All druggists.

—Miss Alice Heverly who has been confined to her room and bed for the last eleven months is able to be around again.

Foley's Honey and Tar
for children, safe, sure. No opiates.
All druggists.

Nerve Slavery.

It is present-day conditions—heaping burdens of work upon the nervous system that tells the story—premature breaking up of health.

It tells why so many men and women, who so far as age in years is concerned, should be in the prime of health, find themselves letting go of the strength, the power, the vitality they once possessed. It is because that great motor power of the body, nerve force, is impaired. Every organ depends upon its controlling power just as much as the engine depends upon the steam to put it into action. An engine won't go without steam. Neither will the heart, the brain, the liver, the kidneys, the stomach act right without their proper nerve force supply. Let any organ be lacking in this essential and troubles begin—some of them are:

Throbbing, palpitating heart.
Sleepless nights.
Sudden startings.
Morning languor.
Brain fag.
Inability to work or think.
Exhaustion on exertion.
Flagging appetite.
Digestion slow.
Food heavy.
Easily excited, nervous, irritable.
Strength fails.
Loss of flesh and muscular power.
Settled melancholia.
Utter despondency.

A picture, hideous, but easily changed to one of brightness by use of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. They build up the nerves and supply nerve force.

The above is the genuine package of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills, are sold by dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Company, Buffalo, N. Y. Price 50 cents.

LEASED 5,000 ACRES.

New York Capitalists Will Put Down Test Oil Wells.

Leases for 5,000 acres of land in Bald Eagle township, Clinton county, have been secured by New York parties who will drill for gas and oil. The leasing of the land was closed up Saturday and the putting down of test wells will be commenced in a short time.

Expert geologists who have been over the lands for some time, are confident that the basin that feeds the Gaines oil wells is in the Bald Eagle valley, and that oil will be struck in the first well drilled. The leased territory is within six miles of Lock Haven.

If There's a Hint of Catarrh Taint

apply Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder without delay. It will save you suffering, heal you quickly whether you have been a slave one month or fifty years. It relieves cold in the head and catarrhal headaches in ten minutes. The Hon. David Mills, Minister of Justice for the Dominion of Canada, endorses it. 50 cents.—65. Sold by F. Potts Green.

Overcome by Coal Gas.

A few days ago at Mahafley, 4 children of Gus Elling, a carpenter, were overcome by coal gas. The children are motherless and the father, having occasion to go to work early left the children in bed in charge of Kittie Bouch. The neighbors noticing that something was wrong, broke into the house. They found the 5 year old boy nearly overcomé, endeavoring to crawl over the floor to the door. Alice, aged 15, was dead; Mary, aged 11, was unconscious, and Kittie Bouch very near to death's door. It required several hours of hard work to restore those who were still alive to health.

The DuBois Express says that a strange co-incidence of the affair is that the young man, Harry Patrick who had his leg broken in the railroad wreck at Newtonburg the same morning, and Miss Bouch, who came so near her death at about the same hour and only two miles distant, were engaged to be married. If both recover they will certainly have reason to be thankful.

Foley's Honey and Tar
heals lungs and stops the cough.
All druggists.

When it comes to upholding our flag wherever it legally floats true patriotism will not stop to consider whether any particular administration policy is right or wrong. Public opinion can always compel reversal of wrong policies, but nothing can wipe out a humiliation placed upon our flag; therefore, let us have no humiliation.

BANNER SALVE,
the most healing salve in the world.
All druggists.

—During the year 1900 the exports of domestic products aggregate $882,364,250, a net increase of $119,000,000.

—The Bituminous Record has changed hands again. This time John Rumberger is at its head.

A WINTER MORNING.

De win' blow col' fum de ribbeh,
De fros' on de pane gleam white,
En nuffin' feel good but de kibbeh
When de eas' hab a trail ob light,
De moon git dimmeh
De las' stahs glimmeh
En Mis' Mawin' meet Mis' Night.

Den de pale pink spreads en blushes
On de clouds ob larkspuh blue;
En de rose ob de mawnin' flushes
On de cloud ob helitrope hue.
De rays move fasteh
With tints of the asteh
En de yelleh ob de daisy, too.

Oh, de sun rise up laike a dragon
En de wohld seem busy en gay;
De fahm chap sing in de wagon
En de roosteh crow in de hay,
De clock bells ringin'
En de wohld am singin'
A sahanade to-day.

—Chicago News.

CRAZED AT LOSING HIS FOOT.

He Attempts Suicide by Cutting His Throat.

Hartman Fulmer, manager of the water works at Watsontown, fell under a Pennsylvania express train Wednesday at Montgomery. His left leg crossed the rail and the foot was crushed from the limb at the ankle. When the train passed Fulmer stood up on the stump of the leg. As the eye-witnesses of the accident rushed towards Fulmer they were horrified to see him whip a knife from his pocket, open the blade and make a vicious lunge at his throat. Fulmer was overpowered and disarmed after a desperate struggle. He was subsequently brought to the hospital at Williamsport where his leg was amputated at the knee.

Mr. Fulmer had boarded a Reading train at Muncy, intending to catch the Pennsylvania train at Montgomery for his home in Watsontown. The latter train pulled into the depot at Montgomery just as the Reading train was pulling out from its station 200 yards above. Fulmer stayed on the Reading train until it reached a point directly opposite the Pennsylvania depot, when he attempted to jump off and get on the other train. As he leaped from the car step he fell.

Lingering LaGrippe Cough.

G. Vacher, 157 Osgood St., Chicago, says "My wife had a very severe case of lagrippe, and it left her with a very bad cough. She tried a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar and it gave immediate relief. A 50 cent bottle cured her cough entirely." Price 25c. and 50c.—All druggists.

Interesting Public School Statistics.

From a statistical statement accompanying the annual report of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction relating to the public schools of Pennsylvania, for the school year ending June 4, 1900, the following interesting and instructive as well as creditable and gratifying information is obtained:

Number of school districts in the State	2,500
Number of schools	28,330
Number of graded schools	15,720
Number of superintendents	140
Number of male teachers	9,394
Number of female teachers	19,996
Whole number of teachers	29,390
Average salaries of male teachers per month	$44.25
Average salaries of female teachers per month	$37.74
Average length of school term in months	8.33
Whole number of pupils in schools	1,151,880

Foley's Kidney Cure
makes kidneys and bladder right.
All druggists.

—The Widener-Elkins-Whitney syndicate has secured the Cincinnati street railways.

If somebody had offered Boni-George Gould's French brother-in-law the pipe of the piper who played before Moses he would probably have given his note for another million.—Pittsburg *Times*.

Kansas Populists in the state legislature have dropped Jerry Simpson and will have nothing to do with him as a Senatorial candidate.

Our Way.

We do things differently. You may trade here a while without detecting where the difference lies but you will finally observe it. You will find that we always look to your advantage—help you to make your money go farthest and buy at best advantage.

Many are inclined to ask, "Can a merchant really afford to put his customers' interests before his own." We know that he can. We do not believe he can afford to do anything else.

Green's Pharmacy
Bush House Block,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

Professional Cards.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office over Centre County Bank, corner Spring and High streets, Bellefonte, Pa.

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LAWYER,
TYRONE, PENNA.
Collections everywhere. Loans in building associations, Reference: First National Bank.

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ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS,
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Office in Eagle Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

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REEDER & QUIGLEY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Office on Allegheny street, 2 doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings, Bellefonte, Pa

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are the most fatal of all diseases.
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PRICE 50c. and $1.00.
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Made a Well Man of Me.
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address
Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.
For sale by F. Potts Green.

Dr. Humphreys'
Specifics cure by acting directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in any other part of the system.

NO.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic...	.25
3	Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Facesche	.25
9	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping-Cough	.25
27	Kidney Diseases	.25
28	Nervous Debility	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed	.25
77	Grip, Hay Fever	.25

Dr. Humphreys' Manual of all Diseases at your Druggists or Mailed Free.
Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

Get an Education
An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business. Four regular courses; also special work in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Strong teaching force, well graded work, good discipline and hard study, insure best results to students of
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DON'T SEND US ONE CENT.
Here is an honest offer. You can get this magnificent Upholstered Couch and one half dozen Sterling Silver Plated Tea Spoons FREE. There is no chance or deception. We speak the truth and nothing but the truth. We are determined to introduce "QUICKMAID" Rennet Tablets for making delicious desserts, into every household, and every person who will sell only twelve packages, will receive our generous offer of this handsome Upholstered Couch, with one half dozen Sterling Silver Plated Tea or Dessert Spoons which we give absolutely free for selling only twelve packages at 10 cents a package. If you agree to sell the Tablets write to-day and we will send them by mail. When sold you send us the $1.20 and we guarantee to send your premium the same day, all expenses prepaid, absolutely Free. If you wish us to send the premium at once with the 12 packages of Rennet Tablets remit $1.20 with the order and premium will be sent immediately. We are an old, reliable concern, with a reputation for square and honest dealing, and we guarantee to do exactly as we say. The Silverware is guaranteed silver-plated on pure metal. The Couches are full size, over 6 feet long and over 2 feet wide. They are well stuffed, beautifully upholstered with handsomely colored velour, and when shipped are sent from the factory by freight direct to your address.
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If You Wish to Become

A Chemist, A Teacher,
An Engineer, A Lawyer,
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A Scientific Farmer, A Journalist.

In short, if you wish to secure a training that will fit you well for any honorable pursuit in life,

The Pennsylvania State College

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TUITION IS FREE IN ALL COURSES.

TAKING EFFECT IN SEPTEMBER, 1900, the General Courses have been extensively modified, so as to furnish a much more varied range of electives, after the Freshman Year, than heretofore, including History; the English, French German, Spanish, Latin and Greek Languages and Literatures; Psychology; Ethics; Pedagogics, and Political Science. These courses are especially adapted to the wants of those who seek either the most thorough training for the Profession of Teaching, or a general College Education.

The courses in Chemistry, Civil, Electrical, Mechanical and Mining Engineering are among the very best in the United States. Graduates have no difficulty in securing and holding positions

YOUNG WOMEN are admitted to all courses on the same terms as Young Men.

The FALL SESSION opens September 12, 1900.

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The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.00 per annum.

BY WILBUR F. HARRIS.

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One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	$ 12
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Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

WILBUR F. HARRIS.

EDITORIAL.

GERMANY wants to borrow more money in this country. This is the place to get it these days.

FROM the reports, it is to be inferred that Senator Pitchfork Tillman's share of that Omaha banquet consisted of a small helping of the neck.

SUPERINTENDENT MILLS says he has only heard of two fights at West Point in two years. He should have his ears examined. His hearing is surely defective.

FOR a conquered people the Boers are giving evidence of animation on the lines of belligerency that indicates the end of conquest in South Africa is not yet, by any means.

THERE seems to be a strong sentiment among the voters in Bellefonte in favor of the election of councilmen who will see and urge the necessity of certain "changes" in the reorganization of that body.

THE Duke of Manchester is to be a distinguished spectator at the Jeffries-Ruhlin prize fight in Cincinnati next month. It has not been stated what percentage of the gate receipts the noble Duke will receive for giving tone to the fistic event.

HON. WILLIAM M. ALLISON required no persuasion to do his duty and in accord with the sentiments of his constituency. Nor did he have to find his way to the State capital under the guidance of a carefully selected escort.

THE watchman who surprised a gang of men attempting to rob a bank in Cumberland, Md., a few days ago and bravely engaged them in battle and put them to flight, should be secured by the reformers of Philadelphia to guard the city treasury during the life of the Ashbridge regime.

THE world's shipments of wheat last week were 6,432,000 bushels, of which the United States furnished 4,696,000 bushels. Those of corn were 6,700,000 bushels for the same period and this country's shipments were 5,432,000 bushels. We are doing a land-office business in cereals, sure enough.

SENATOR CHANDLER, of New Hampshire, has been wooing retirement from public life for some time by his anti-administration tirades and frequent diversions from Republican principles and doctrines, and he has got it. He will terminate his Senatorial career on March 4th and few will be sorry to see him return to private life among the hills of his native heath.

POLITICAL rumor has it that Governor Stone is ambitious to succeed Penrose as United States Senator. Well, no one will question the fact that Governor Stone would make a *worthy* successor of Penrose, but no one considers Penrose worthy of the position he holds, hence Governor Stone cannot be regarded in the light of a logical successor since public opinion is unquestionably in favor of a higher social, political, and moral standard in our representatives to the United States Senate.

CENTRE COUNTY'S SHAME.

John K. Thompson, the discredited representative from Centre county, has not only placed the brand of dishonor upon himself but, what is worse, he has placed the fair name of our county in the list with the few others in the State which must acknowledge the citizenship of those legislative Judas Iscariots who betrayed their constituents, brought disgrace upon their families, and consigned themselves to everlasting infamy by compassing the election of a man for United States Senator whom they were elected and pledged to oppose.

For the first time in the century history of Centre county there comes to the surface one of her sons to sully the glory and renown of her long and illustrous record of political honor and distinguished achievements. Of the degradation and disgrace that accompanies the election of Quay to the United States Senate, Centre county, through Thompson, the hypocritical pledge-giver and pledge-breaker, must, to her shame and humiliation, bear her share.

Thompson's course before and since his election has been one of hypocrisy and deception and his action in the Senatorial contest is but the natural outcome of the policy of deceit and double-dealing he pursued. The respectable and honest element of our citizens, regardless of political party or faction, cannot but hold him in contempt and scorn. His bed is of his own making. He had it in his power to define his position on the Quay issue and declare his intentions ever since his election.

A manly, courageous, and honest declaration from him weeks ago would have won for him the respect of his neighbors and fellow-citizens even though his declared intention might have, and doubtless would have, brought disappointment to some. But he preferred to play the part of a trickster and a cheat to the end. His pledges were given only to be dishonored and repudiated. They were but a jumble of words intended only to deceive his friends, but later on they were to rise up, as it were, and mark him as a man lost to honor and dead to self-respect. This they have done simultaneously with his action in the General Assembly on Tuesday afternoon. The mask has been torn from Thompson's face and he stands forth before his people in his true light.

WANT TO JOIN THE SISTER-HOOD OF STATES.

Indications point to the probability of Oklahoma and the Indian Territory petitioning the next session of Congress for admission to the statehood. There has been talk of making them into two states, but a strong impression prevails and is gaining in strength among those interested in the future of these progressive territories, for their consolidation into one great state. Oklahoma and the Indian Territory united would form a state about as large as Missouri, combine a population not far from a million inhabitants and would contain wealth valued for taxation at more than a hundred million of dollars.

A YEAR'S BENEVOLENCE.

The Chicago "Tribune" prints a record of gifts to the amount of $1,000 or more each, which were made in 1900 for educational institutions, libraries, museums, art galleries, charities and churches. The total for the year was $60,000,000. This was larger than the average of recent years, although it fell short about $20,000,000 of the exceptional figures of 1899. Almost exactly one-half of the gifts were made to educational institutions; about $13,000,000 to charities, $9,000,000 to churches and church enterprises, and $6,500,000 to libraries. Of the last sum Andrew Carnegie is to receive credit for more than $4,000,000.

THANK goodness, the Vanderbilt-French wedding is off the carpet. Now, when the Booz investigation is wound up and disposed of, the newspapers of the country can give their attention and space to questions meriting thoughtful consideration.

CONGRESSIONAL CONTEST.

The congressional contest instituted by Colonel A. A. Clearwater, Republican nominee for that office in this district, against J. K. P. Hall, the Democrat declared elected last November, is of special interest to every voter in the district. Mr. Clearwater's complaint of illegal voting applies, it is said, only to Elk county, while Mr. Hall will enter counter charges that will cover the entire district, giving him an apparent advantage. Mr. Clearwater will be given forty days in which to take testimony in his behalf, after which Mr. Hall will have equal time to take testimony in his behalf, after which ten days will be granted Mr. Clearwater for rebuttal. The testimony, which may be taken before any notary public, justice of the peace or judge of any court, will then be forwarded to Washington printed in a book and submitted to the congressional committee on contests and their report submitted to the House. Witnesses are paid mileage and fees and must obey summons under penalty of $20 fine. The government allows each party to the contest $2,000 expense money, and anything above that must be borne by the individuals interested. W. C. Arnold is Mr. Clearwater's attorney, while Mr. Hall has any number of legal lights looking after his interests in the different counties in the district.

There can be no doubt that Mr. Clearwater has ample grounds on which to contest the right of Mr. Hall to hold the seat they were both after, and straight Republicans everywhere who want Republican districts represented by men of that faith will watch the contest with deep interest.

THE FRUITS OF PROTECTION.

"Three thousand, one hundred and fifty-three locomotives were built in the United States last year, of which 505 were sent abroad. It is of interest that British railroads bought more of the engines exported than the roads of any other country."—*Pittsburg Dispatch.*

Information of this sort, and it is authentic, naturally gives one's thinking apparatus extra employment. If it does not it should at all events. Coal, iron ore, and in fact all materials that enter into the construction of locomotives as well as labor, are cheaper abroad than with us and yet Europe buys our railroad engines and pays the transportation charges besides.

Why is it? Without being able to give a positive answer it is possible to approach a plausible motive. It doubtless is that our locomotives are so much better and stronger and more efficient that they are cheaper in the end. That is the difference between a protected country and a free-trade people. We want the best and we make the best. And we have the best men, consequently we have the best labor and mechanical skill. We protect our industries by protecting their products. We protect our mechanics and laboring men by protecting their industrial interests. Protection, which insures good food and plenty of it; good clothes and comfortable homes; maintains educational institutions and furnishes good education, makes good men. The standard of American citizenship is steadily reaching higher planes and the great Republican principle of protection is the power that impels the growth and development of our country, its people and their material interests.

A CRUMB OF COMFORT.

Miss Ruth Bryan, daughter of Democracy's distinguished hoo-doo, is something of a joker, relates the Minneapolis "Journal." Starting to school the other day she made a desperate run for a street car and finally succeeded in catching it. As she took her seat she gasped, "Well, I am glad one of the family can run for something and get it."

QUAY says he will qualify as United States Senator from Pennsylvania on Friday and leave directly for Florida where he will remain until his health is restored. If he would take Penrose with him the Senate would have double reason for self-congratulation.

THE TRIUMPH OF CRIME.

Matthew Stanley Quay, the premier political trickster and corruptionist of modern times, has again proved the efficacy of "persuasive inducements" in practical politics, and has had himself elected to the United States Senate by the General Assembly of Pennsylvania. Every one knows that the voters at the last election chose a Legislature with a clear majority against Colonel Quay. He was defeated at the polls because the issue in the State campaign last fall was, practically in every county, Quay and his machine, and as we have said, and facts sustain our statement, the majority of the legislators elected were distinctly opposed to him.

The will of the people of Pennsylvania has been flagrantly and corruptly disregarded and perverted by the election of Quay. He has won his point He has delayed for the time his inevitable doom. But at what a price, not in money, for that counts but little in the cost of his victory. He has forced his way back into political power and official position and his course to the Senate is strewn with the corpses of the victims of his monstrous iniquities.

Honest men have been degraded and dishonored to accomplish his election. These creatures too weak, alas, to resist the allurements of the tempter have been thrust to the depths of ignominy and disgrace and their families burdened and afflicted with a heritage of shame. All this and much more enters into the price that was paid for a seat in the Senate of the United States by Quay.

Quay's public and political career has been one long unbroken line of corrupt intrigue and reprehensible performance. He reached the height of his fame—depth of his infamy we should say—in his achievement at the State capital on Tuesday. He is a United States Senator from Pennsylvania. There is no particular honor or distinction in the position, however, since he succeeds himself and is a colleague of Boies Penrose. Pennsylvania will continue to be as it has been for some years past, without representation in the United States Senate save by two worthies whom honest men should shun and knaves give scant attention.

WORTH LOOKING AT.

Major Levi G. McCauley, one of Chester county's machine autocrats, who is nearing the end of his tenure of office as Auditor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, is said to have his eye on the Gubernatorial chair. Well, no one can question his privilege of making goo-goo eyes in that direction but the gallant Major will some day awaken to the fact that there is a vast difference between looking at the chair and occupying it. The office will seek the man next time and thereby hangs a tale that the future will unfold. We would suggest, however, that the Major continue to keep his eye on the Executive chair, especially during the encumbency of its present occupant. Governor Stone is a unique Executive and a close observer of his administrative genius will find in him an example not to emulate but shun. Governor Stone's successor will not be of his exceptional type. The Major can look and learn, just the same. It costs nothing.

THE Quayite who makes a public display of his gratification over the election of Quay to the United States Senate only advertises his own shamelessness and political depravity. The victory of Quay was one of dishonor, disgrace and everlasting obliquy and the respectable element of his followers, and there are or at least were, many such, will accept the result and refrain from public manifestations of approval, and demonstrations of joy over the ruin and destruction of those wretched creatures who effected his election.

THE citizens of Centre county have cause for rejoicing in the fact that John K. Thompson was not elected county treasurer in the fall of '99.

A CENTURY OF EXPANSION.

A review of an interesting paper enumerating and expatiating upon some of the principal achievements of the nineteenth century that of the territorial growth of the United States during the past hundred years claimed especial interest and doubtless for the reason that "expansion" has been for the past year a topic so much in the public mind and so widely discussed.

The century just closed has truly been "a century of expansion" not alone in the United States but in Great Britain, France, Russia and Germany, that are with our own country the foremost nations in the world. In 1800 the territory of the United States was 815,244 square miles; in 1900 it is 3,768,521 square miles. This is an expansion of nearly 3,000,000 square miles in 100 years. It is, says the writer, "the most amazing record of territorial growth ever made by any nation, when we consider that the great bulk of the area gained forms a continuous domain on one continent, which spans from ocean to ocean, and whose inhabitants speak the same language and live under substantially the same laws."

Great Britain has expanded the area of her empire from 1,042,595 square miles in 1800 to 12,151,000 square miles in 1900. But her newly acquired territories are widely scattered and are peopled by a large variety of subjects speaking different tongues and governed by different laws.

France, which dominated 1,056,726 square miles 100 years ago, now flies her flag over 3,638,755 square miles of French possessions, but, like Great Britain, her enlarged territory is populated by many alien races and situated remote from the seat of government.

The domain of the White Czar of all the Russias has increased from 5,018,127 square miles in 1800 to 6,438,682.

Germany, comparatively young as empires go since it dates from 1870 only, now embraces territorial areas that aggregate 1,023,840 square miles.

The foregoing data discloses a remarkable progress in territorial extension. What the next hundred years will develope in this line is beyond the prophetic capacity of the world's sages. But it is safe to predict that the United States, whom destiny has selected to go out into the world and exercise a restraining influence upon the progressiveness of ambitious nations, will regulate the expansion of the powers of the earth and see to it that her territorial domain is proportionately extended if necessity requires.

THE fact that ex-Congressman Arnold, of DuBois, is attorney for Col. A. A. Clearwater in the contested election case of Clearwater vs. Hall in the 28th Congressional district, leads many to believe that the Colonel has been pressed into the action by the ex-Congressman, who would like to revenge himself upon his former successful congressional competitor and incidently, it is remarked, "cotton onto" the fat fee that is assured in the $2,000 allowed by Congress to each contestant to defray contest expenses.

JOHN P. MCTIGHE, the anti-Quay legislator from Allegheny county who dishonored his pledges and betrayed his constituents by going over to the Quay people, it is said will remove from Allegheny county and go to Philadelphia where he will join the detective force of Mayor Ashbridge. He is the sort that Ashbridge caters to and will doubtless prove a valuable acquisition to the City Hall gentry. Allegheny county is to be congratulated and Philadelphia commiserated.

IT has been suggested that after wiping out the liquor traffic at the army canteens Congress might profitably turn its attention to the similar traffic in the canteens about Capitol Hill. Congressional rum shops should go with the army canteen, the only difference between them is in locality and interior embellishment.

A SCIENTIST has described a kiss as "the approach of two curves which have the same bend as far as the point of contact."

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Jan. 15, 1901.

President McKinley has practically recovered from the attack of the grip, but Dr. Rixey will not let him take any chances of a relapse; consequenily he is, as yet, doing very little work. Being a man of robust health naturally, the forced confinement to his room has been particularly hard on the President, and it required all the persuasion of Mrs. McKinley to make him obey the doctor's orders.

Friends of the army reorganization bill are disappointed that the measure has not yet reached a vote in the Senate, but they find some consolation in the positive promise of leading Senators that the bill will be passed this week. The delay is particularly aggravating to Secretary Root, because it keeps all his arrangements for bringing the volunteers home from the Philippines up in the air so to speak.

When the House took up the River and Harbor bill it was confidently expected that it would pass after about two days debate, but the general debate only came to an end yesterday. The debate has consisted largely of complaint of the leaving out of projects in which members are interested.

Eulogies on deceased members are usually of the perfunctory order in Congress, but those on the late Senator Davis were not in that class. Mrs. Davis and a party of friends occupied seats in the Executive gallery during the delivery of the orations, of which a veteran newspaper man said: "In recent years in the Senate, no more beautiful, heartfelt and eloquent eulogies have been pronounced upon the memory of any Senator."

The D. B. Hill boom for 1904 reached Washington forty-eight hours ago in charge of Bird S. Coler, Comptroller of the City of New York. That it is not a secret boom may be seen from Mr. Coler's very frank reply when asked what brought him to Washington: "I have been seeing democratic Senators and Representatives in the interest of David B. Hill's nomination for President. I believe Mr. Hill will be the nominee in 1904. I think he will have the support of democrats of every state in the Union. His friends have taken hold of this matter in earnest, and are going to push his claims for the nomination with great vigor from this time on. I have not heard a single objection to Hill's nomination, and I have talked with many leading democrats from different parts of the country. On the contrary, what I have heard confirms me in the belief that Hill will be the next democratic nominee for President." The invasion of the Hill boom seems to have taken the thick and thin Bryan democrats by surprise. Their private talk indicates that the Hill democrats and the Bryan democrats may indulge in a little figurative throat cutting before long.

By a vote of 32 to 19, the Senate has again put itself on record in favor of the Philippine policy of President McKinley. The vote was on an amendment to the Army Re-organization bill offered by Senator Hoar, providing that no further military force shall be used in the Philippines, except such as might be necessary to keep order in places already in the peaceable possession of the U. S. The effect of the amendment, if it had been adopted, would have been to encourage the Filipino rebels to gather a big army in any portion of the islands not actually garrisoned by our troops, without fear of molestation; while supposedly in the interest of peace, such an amendment would actually operate to prolong hostilities. History has taught that rebellion cannot be put down by Pacific legislation; that those who appeal to arms against the powers that be, must be whipped into subjection. That has been true even in advanced civilized nations. Any other method of ending the revolt of the semi-barbarous Filipinos would convince them that the Americans were afraid of them.

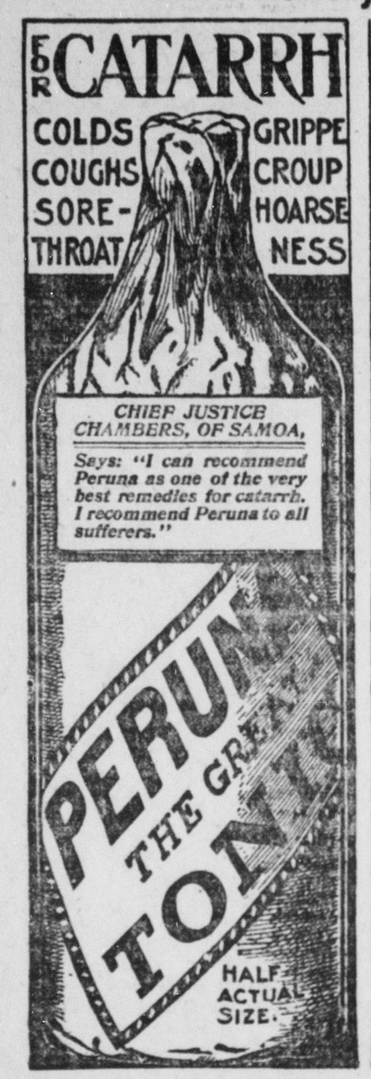
Senator Platt, of Conn., stated the case in a nut shell when he said of the democratic pretense of believing that the President would abuse the discretion vested in him by the Army bill to increase the army when necessary: "If we could eliminate politics and argument for political effect from this chamber for a single day, I believe it would be the unanimous sentiment that there should be some flexibility in the army."

Senator Hanna usually declines to take notice of charges made against him by unfriendly newspapers, but he made an exception of the charge that he had a personal interest in the passing of the Ship Subsidy bill, and authorized the following explicit denial: "I say that the assertion that I am interested in any way or in any company that has given orders for the construction of colliers through which it is expected to participate in the benefits to be derived from the passage of the Shipping bill is absolutely false and without foundation. My sole interest in the Shipping bill is that of an American citizen who honestly believes in the upbuilding of the Merchant Marine."

—An attempt was made on Tuesday night in Williamsport to kidnap Eugene Payne, an eight year old son of Fred Payne of that city and a grandson of E. R. Payne the millionaire banking partner of Ex-Attorney General H. C. McCormick and Senator J. Henry Cochran.

NATIONAL CELEBRITIES

Declare Peruna to Be The Greatest Catarrh Remedy of The Age.



Hon. M. C. Butler, ex-Governor of South Carolina, in a letter from Washington, D. C., says: "I can recommend Peruna for dyspepsia and stomach trouble. I have been using your medicine for a short period and I feel very much relieved. It is indeed a wonderful medicine, and besides, a great tonic."

U. S. Senator Stephen R. Mallory, Pensacola, Fla., says: "I have used your excellent remedy, Peruna, and can recommend it both as a tonic and a safe catarrh remedy."

Hon. William Youngblood, Auditor for the Interior, writes from Washington, D. C., to Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O., as follows: "I've often heard of your great medicine and have persuaded my wife, who has been much of a sufferer from catarrh, to try Peruna, and after using one bottle she has wonderfully improved. It has proved all you have claimed for it."

Hon. Rufus B. Merchant, Superintendent and Disbursing Officer, U. S. Post-office, Washington, D. C., says: "I take pleasure in commending your tonic, having taken a bottle of Peruna with very beneficial results. It is recommended to me as a very excellent catarrh cure."

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

—Mr. David Barlett is confined to his home with the lagrippe.

—Mrs. John Walker, after a week's sickness, is able to attend to business again.

—Mrs. Joseph Beck is very ill with Diabetes at her parents home, Mr. and Mrs. Houser on East Bishop street.

—The commissioners of Clinton county visited Bellefonte Thursday to inspect the metalic ceiling in the court house.

—Fifteen young women, employes of the finishing department of the Jersey Shore Manufacturing company, struck Thursday against a reduction in their wages.

—Before the time for the spring caucus the best men should be sought for the borough offices. Select men for the offices whom you would trust with your private business and who are competent.

—Sunday's Philadelphia "Press" contained an interesting article on Rev. W. W. Rhoads, of Centre Hall, the minister who makes violins as a pastime, written by the special correspondent of the Press at this place.

—The Electoral College of Pennsylvania Monday, in Harrisburg, through its President, ex-Mayor Stuart of Philadelphia, formally notified President Mc Kinley and Vice-President-elect Roosevelt that its thirty-two votes were cast for them.

—The last quarterly meeting for this conference year of the Evangelical church was held at the Evangelical church on Friday evening. Sunday communion services were held in this church in the evening at 7:30. Rev. S. P. Remer, Presiding Elder of this district officiating.

IF WOMEN ONLY KNEW.

What a Heap of Happiness it Would Bring to Bellefonte Homes.

Hard to do housework with an aching back.

Hours of misery at leisure or at work.

If women only knew the cause.

Backache pains come from sick kidneys.

Doan's Kidney Pills will cure it.

Bellefonte people endorse this:

Mrs. L. A. Miles, of High street, says: "I was very much troubled with my back and with rheumatism. This latter affected my heart and besides I had neuralgia. My rest was very much broken from nervousness and the kidney secretions embarrassed me when my back was aching badly. I was told about Doan's Kidney Pills by a young woman who had come 17 miles to get them and she appeared surprized that I was not acquainted with their merits. I immediately went to the Bush Block drug store and got them. Well, they did any amount of good. I was astonished at the result of their use for the pain and lameness soon left me. They also banished the tired feeling I had mornings. I can conscientiously recommend Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

The World is Growing Better.

From the Washington Star.

The world is growing better. There are many people who do not think so and who invariably hark back to the good old days of long ago. They speak of the degeneration of the times. They point to a sore spot here and there on the body politic and say that all is disease and decay. There are people so narrow themselves that their range of vision is restricted. But any sane minded man who is not dyspeptic and who looks the world over as it is today cannot avoid seeing improvements in every line of life.

To merely sum up the material advances of the century would be an enormous task. A century that came in on a stage coach and went out on a limited express, that began with the tallow dip and ended with the electric light, that has seen the birth of more wonders than all the other centuries since man first began to mark time is not a century that one can treat lightly.

In the realm of science alone so great an authority as Haeckel has said that the fundamental principles are now all discovered and that the task of the future is to develope them. But is it only in the realms of science that man has come closer to the underlying principles of the universe? It is difficult to think so.

In what era since the world began has man come nearer to the ideal? The realization of the brotherhood of man is a factor in the world today as it never was before. True, the Golden Rule is not always the rule of life, but there never was a time when man did as much for man as he does today. Appeals to the generous side of mankind never before met with as ready an answer. While it is true that in the Christian church there are sects and creeds and all do not work together, yet it does seem as though the Christ spirit influences the hearts of men today as it never did before. Did the great plague of London call forth from the civilized world any such response as the plague and famine in India? There was no such outpouring of the wealth of the people after the great fire of London as followed the disaster at Galveston. These are but straws, it is true, but they are straws which show the way the wind is blowing. When men rush nobly forth to the aid of other men it does not suggest that they are degenerate.

No More Elopements.

No more will the festive youth and bashful maiden hie themselves across the borders of the Empire state there to be wedded together by enterprising and thrifty clergymen or justices of the peace, whose business will now be seriously affected, for a license law has gone into effect in New York state; a law even more stringent than that in effect in Pennsylvania.

—It is said that a man who won't buy a paper because he can borrow one has invented a machine by which he can cook his dinner by the smoke of his neighbor's chimney.

CORRESPONDENCE

MILLHEIM.

George S. Homan and E. E. Shafer were in Bedford county looking after their lumber interests. They will put in a new outfit entirely and will commence to operate on or about the 1st of February.

W. Cook Hubler, of Lock Haven, a former resident of Penn township, was in town and vicinity for a few days. He was accompanied by his wife.

Dr. J. F. Harter, of State College, was in town looking after the "infernal" revenue for Uncle Sam and attending to his professional duties.

The family of J. F. Harrison left for Philadelphia on last Saturday, and will make that city their future home.

The town was not very lively on last Saturday, notwithstanding the very fine weather.

H. & M. L. Olaster, two prominent business men of Lock Haven, were guests at the home of Merchant Neiman last Sunday and Monday.

George Fisher, of Selinsgrove, is visiting at his brother's on Main street.

Danny Armstrong, of Centre Hall, a former resident of the borough, transacted business here on Tuesday.

Some of our people are housing ice, from 3½ to 5 inches thick.

C. E. Hauck, of Sunbury, registered at the National on Tuesday.

E. H. Hendrickson, of Philadelphia, had business here Tuesday and Wednesday.

J. F. Harrison, former manager of the knitting factory, has moved to Philadelphia. Who will be his successor as manager we do not know.

The knitting factory has closed down, and when it will start up your correspondent nor anyone else appears to know.

On last Friday afternoon a party of young men and boys were skating on the McMullen mill dam when one of the party, Wallace Fisher, met with a severe accident. They were playing what is called "Sheep on the mountain," and this young man, while skating, in some way tripped and fell, striking his head on the hard ice. He was unconscious for a time. He was taken to his home on Main street and Dr. Musser, of Aaronsburg, was summoned. At this writing he has somewhat improved, but is still in a critical condition. He suffered intense pain.

Charles M. Herrold, of Freeburg, was a visitor in town on Wednesday.

J. H. Auman and Mrs. Harriet S. Mauck, who have been sick for many weeks, are still confined to the house, with not much improvement in their cases.

REBERSBURG NEWS.

Mrs. Sara Miller, of Gatz, Snyder Co., is visiting relatives and friends in our town and valley.

Mr. H. I. Brungart our live insurance agent expects to locate at McKeesport Allegheny Co., in about two months.

Our week of prayer was a pleasant one; to all denominations who joined in the Union services and we sincerely hope a profitable one. May the union spirit ever reign as in the past week, so many people think that church and people are two separate things. They think there may be union in the churches and not in the people. How much more pleasant to live in union, we do not mean that there should be only one church, but each has a special work, but more union for special services.

Geo. Weber of Lock Haven made a short visit to our town last Thursday and Friday.

Mr. A. N. Corman, D. D. Royer, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Meyer attended the Farmers' Institute at Centre Hall last week.

J. W. Harter and Wm. Bierly deal in thoroughbred horses of late. Call on them for a fast one.

Nathan Bowersox has greatly improved his and Mr. Corman's properties, by removing the old store house.

We understand C. O. Mallory was at Jersey Shore looking after some creamery business.

H. H. Miller can now boast of having the finest driving horse in the valley.

Mrs. J. B. Kreamer is visiting her daughter Mrs. Solly.

Mr, L. B. Frank, Mrs. J. W. Harter and daughter were at Williamsport last week.

The directors and some of the policy holders in the Centre Hall Fire Insurance Co., of this place attended the election of officers on Tuesday at Centre Hall.

Ellery Krape, of Clintondale was seen on our streets on Monday.

Mrs. Hannah Frank, of Tylersville, died Monday morning and was buried at this place on Wednesday. The deceased was a former resident of this place, and reached the age of 86 years.

—The Missouri House of Representatives adopted a resolution expressing sympathy with the Filipinos in their struggle for liberty.

—The Carnegie Steel Company will build, at Rankin, a $1,000,000 blast furnace that will produce 750 tons a day.

TOOK HIS OWN LIFE.

Was it a Case of Suicide or Did He Do It in His Sleep?

Anderson Lutz, well known throughout this section, shot and killed himself Monday morning about 1 o'clock in his bedroom at Forest Mine, No. 2, located about half way between Munson and Winburne. He and his son Alfred, who slept together, retired Sunday night about their usual hour and in the usual frame of mind, seemingly. Great was the shock the son sustained at the hour indicated when he was awakened from his slumber by the report of a gun and the body of his father falling over backwards on the bed. The son jumped quickly from the bed, and spoke to his father, but received no response. Lighting a lamp he was horrified to find that his father was dead, the shot, which penetrated just below the left eye, killing him instantly. It seems that he had been in the habit of keeping his rifle in his bed room, and whether he got up in his sleep and shot himself or whether it was a deliberate case of suicide will perhaps never be known.

The deceased was aged about 60 years. He was checkweighman at Forest No. 2, a position he had been filling for some time. Most of his life was spent near Kylertown but for 3 or 4 years he has resided near Munson. His wife has been dead about 15 years. Three sons and five daughters survive, together with two brothers, Daniel, of Philipsburg, and Wm. of Mt. Joy, near Clearfield, and 4 sisters, Mrs. Jas. Askey, New Kensington, Pa.; Mrs. Elliott Deviney, of Kylertown, and Misses Margery and Mary, Bradford twp., Clearfield county.

Courageous Town Officials.

Mayor James Gleason, of Houtzdale, acting in conjunction with the council of that town, has come down like a ton of brick on the slot machines operating there. The craze for dropping a penny in the slot and drawing out, mayhap, some money was a powerful temptation to the youngsters of Houtzdale, as well as to children of a larger growth, and more money than would be readily believed was squandered in this way. Consequently the mayor and police visited the establishments, about 6 in number, where the gambling machines flourished, last Wednesday evening and closed them.

An Example of Sweet Charity.

The school children of New York city have no reason to be ashamed of their gift to the school children of Galveston, says the "Youth's Companion." Their voluntary contribution to the Galveston Relief Fund was a barrel of five cent pieces and nearly a ton of pennies, besides numerous other coins, including Chinese, Turkish and those of almost every country represented in the cosmopolitan population of the metropolis. These little offerings made a grand total of twenty-nine thousand dollars—a very pretty sum for the suffers from the great storm.

Centre County Farmers.

A four days' session of farmers' institute in this county ended at Centre Hall Saturday. The institutes this year unusually are largely attended and the programs interesting. Among the speakers present were Prof. S. B. Heiges, of York; R. L. Beardslee, of Warrenham; J. S. Burns, Clinton; Dr. Wm. Frear, State College, and others. Secretary of Agriculture John Hamilton was not asked to come.

Comet to Return.

The return of Brorsen's comet is expected early in 1901. This comet was discovered in 1846, and has a period of revolution of about five and a half years. It was last seen in 1879, and should have returned in 1884, 1890, and 1895, but escaped detection in those years. It is now a question whether the comet exists in the same form and dimensions as in 1879 and previous years.

—Half crazed with rum, penniless, despondent and friendless, an unknown man, giving his name as John McCormick, deliberately hurled a brickbat through a large plate glass window in front of the postoffice building at Hollidaysburg about 9 o'clock on Saturday night. He had previously visited the jail and wanted entertainment for the night, which, of course, was refused. He declared that he would do something that would bring about the admittance. He also went to Squire Lowery's office and asked to be committed to jail. He visited Snyder's drug store and threatened to break a window in some store, so that he might be arrested. He departed from there and a few minutes afterwards carried out his threats as above indicated and then walked into the office at the American House, seated himself in an arm chair and calmly awaited the arrival of Officer McGraw, who escorted him to jail. He said he desired to be incarcerated until next spring and for that reason made the attack on the postoffice so that he would be tried in the United States court. The glass was valued at $50, but the upper half can be saved, the lower part only being shattered. He registered at the bastile in the name of John McCormick. On his person, however, were found several cards bearing the name of J. C. Roe, of Philipsburg.—Tyrone Herald.

—Mrs. Margaret Mast, of Williamsport, was awarded $4,000 from the city for damages done her property during the building of an underground crossing.

Study While You Work.

Through the Free Scholarship in Mechanical or Architectural Drawing in The International Correspondence Schools, of Scranton, Pa., which the DAILY NEWS will present you, if you secure the most votes by April 1st, 1901, you can earn a living at your present work, and at the same time, by study at home in spare moments, fit yourself for a professional position at a good salary.

You can easily win this Contest by beginning to collect votes now, and keeping at it. No one has a better chance than you, Get every Voting Coupon you can, and have all your friends save theirs for you.

Shiploads of Canary Birds.

All sorts of queer cargoes come into port in a week's time, but even in New York a ship load of canary birds is a novelty, says the New York correspondent of the Pittsburg Dispatch. The North German Lloyd steamer, Prinz Luitpold, which arrived in New York from Bremen a few days ago, had over 2000 yellow songsters carefully housed in little wicker cages, and destined for all parts of the United States. The birds came from the Hartz mountains, where they cost four marks a piece, less than a dollar, and will be sold here at prices ranging from $2.50 to $6. Crossing the Atlantic the birds require more attention than a ship full of blooded cattle.

—While standing on the running board of an engine that was going at the rate of 18 miles an hour, J. C. Giles, a brakeman in the employ of the New York Central railroad and residing at Jersey Shore, formerly of Philipsburg, was thrown headforemost to the ground, above Newberry Junction Saturday evening. He landed fair on his face, sustaining painful injuries. A gash was cut alongside of his nose, both cheeks were lacerated and his head and body more or less bruised. He will be able to resume his duties, it is thought, in a day or two.

—Professor Vaugh, of the Michigan University, predicts an epidemic of small pox in this country. Professor Coles, the Kingston prognosticator, prophesies the same thing. While it is not always advisable to heed the warnings of birds of evil it would be well for those who look after the health of the people to take the necessary precautions to combat with this loathesome disease.

—S. B. Shaffer, proprietor of the National Hotel at Madisonburg, purchased the household goods of A. L. Armstrong, of the Old Fort hotel last Saturday and will take charge of that well known inn about the 17th inst. Mr. Shaffer and wife are well prepared for their new venture and the best wishes of their many friends in this section will go with them to their new home.

—A poultry statistician says that there are about 350,000,000 chickens in the United States, and that during the past year they have produced approximately 14,000,000,000 eggs valued at about $175,000,000. Over $130,000,000 worth of poultry is eaten in this country in the course of a year.

—The Burleigh Reapportionment Bill which passed the lower house of Congress on Tuesday night by a vote of 165 to 102 increases the membership of the House of Representatives 29 of which Pennsylvania gets two of this number which will give the Keystone State a representation of 32 in Congress.

—It is estimated that 40,000,000 calendars are given away every year for advertising purposes. No wonder some of the investors in that line find it doesn't pay as well as newspaper advertising.

—During the year just closed the Baldwin Locomotive Works, at Philadelphia, built 1,217 engines, and the average number of men employed was 8,208.

—In the next Congress there will be 1 actor, 287 lawyers, 50 business men, 23 farmers, 21 journalists and 8 politicians.

—The Methodist church, which is undergoing extensive repairs, is now in the hands of the interior decorators.

—Christ Young, clerk in Mr. Sechler's grocery story, was confined to his home last week with the lagrippe.

—Europe is beating us in one line this winter. It is getting the blizzards we have escaped.

—Mrs. Charles McLain, of North Penn street, is recovering from an attack of the grippe.

DISCUSSION of the question of lengthening the term of the President of the United States and make him ineligible for reelection, which began with the Constitutional convention and went on during the whole of the last century, has been given a fresh start. The idea is full of common sense and should be carried out.

Now that a scientific sharp says coal will be transported to all parts of the world by wireless telegraphy it is in order to get out the prospectus of the carless air-line for the transportation of passengers. If sufficiently loaded with scientific terms it will find believers, even if the line never finds passengers.

Mended Skull With Ox Bone.

Harvey Lynn, an ex-United States cavalryman, of Pittston, will undergo an operation for the removal of a piece of ox bone from his skull, and the insertion of a silver plate. While serving in Cuba over a year ago, Lynn was shot in the head. At the hospital a piece of ox bone was grafted into his skull, but the operation was not entirely successful, and Lynn was given a disability discharge. He has since been afflicted with paralysis, resulting from the bone pressing the brain, and has gone to an hospital to have the ox bone removed.

—The longest lived people have generally been those who make breakfast the principal meal of the day. The stomach has more vigor in the morning than at any time.

PUBLIC SALE.

Leonard Rhone, of Centre Hall, Pa., will sell at his residence, Rhoneymede, three miles west of the Old Fort, ninety head of live stock embracing Morgan and French Coach horses and colts, Holstein cattle, Shropshire sheep, Berkshire swine, including farm implements.

While these animals have not been registered they have been bred from registered sires for three and four generations.

A rare opportunity to buy well bred stock, Sale begins at 10 A. M., March 29th, 1901. 52-3m

Executor's Notice.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Leah Rearick having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Wills of Centre county, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against the estate are requested to present the same, duly authenticated, for settlement to

L. F. WETZLER, Milesburg, Pa.

REEDER & QUIGLEY, Attorneys. 510-6t

Administrator's Notice.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Anna J. Peters late of Howard township Centre county Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present the, without delay, duly authenticated, for settlement to

JOSEPH H. PLETCHER, Adm. Blanchard, Pa.

REEDER & QUIGLEY, Attorneys.

Orphans' Court Sale.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF THE Orphans' Court of Centre county, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House in Bellefonte, on Saturday, January 26th, 1901, the following described real estate, late the property of Matthew F. Riddle, deceased, to wit:

ALL that certain tract of land situate in Spring township, Centre county, Pennsylvania, bounded by lands of E. C. Humes, Elijah Gettig, Robert Miller's heirs and others, containing thirty-six acres, be the same more or less.

TERMS OF SALE—Ten per cent of purchase money on day of sale, forty per cent on confirmation of sale and the residue with interest one year thereafter, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

ANNIE S. RIDDLE, Administratrix.

REEDER & QUIGLEY, Attorneys.

COURT PROCLAMATION—Whereas the Honorable J. G. Love, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th Judicial District, consisting of the county of Centre, having issued his precept, bearing date of the 31st day of Dec., 1900, to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre and to commence on the 4th Monday of January, being the 28th day of Jan., 1901, and to continue two weeks. Notice is hereby given to the coroner, justice of the peace, aldermen and constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 28th, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 31st day of Dec., in the year of our Lord 1900, and the one hundred and twenty-fifth year of the independence of the United States. CYRUS BRUNGART, Sheriff.

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If you wish to buy or rent a farm or house consult us.
If you wish to borrow money call on us.
Is your title clear? It is to your interest to know. It is our's to assure you.

OFFICE:
Room 3, - Bush Arcade, - Bellefonte.

A SPASM OF CHARITY

IT OPENED THE HEARTS AND PURSES OF THE JERICHOIANS.

Pap Perkins, Postmaster, Tells How the Contribution For the Needy Widow Was Started and How It Was Abruptly Closed by a Report From Lish Billings.

[Copyright, 1900, by C. B. Lewis.]

The Widder Jackson, relict of Tom Jackson, had been one of us in Jericho for 15 years. She managed somehow to take care of herself until a long, lingerin sickness came, and even then she suffered for care rather than let anybody know of her situation. It leaked out, however, and Jabez Thomas was one of the first to hear of it. He dropped into the postoffice one evenin and told about it and then said to the crowd:

"Feller Citizens—If Jericho has a pertickler strong p'int, it is charity. No man, woman or child ever yit called upon her in vain. It has bin our pride and our boast that we was a community with a heart to feel for the sorrers of others. Up there on the hill, as I

"GENTLEMEN," SAID THE DEACON.

hev bin told within the last two hours, lies a poor old sufferin woman, the widder of Tom Jackson. She needs food, fuel and medicine and has needed 'em for days, but now that we hev come to know it the heart of Jericho will give a mighty responsive throb and hasten to relieve her case."

There was a good deal of surprise over the statement, and everybody had said how sorry he was when Deacon Spooner rapped for order and said:

"Jerichoians, when Jabez Thomas talks about the charity of this community he makes a strong p'int—a mighty strong p'int. We all knew Tom Jackson for an honest, hardworkin man, and his widder shall not appeal to us in vain. I for one shall esteem it a privilege to contribute to her benefit. Let us hear from Enos Williams."

Enos rose up and said that he used to go fishin with Tom Jackson and that had he known of his widder bein hard up he would hev divided his last turnip with her. She was a good woman and a woman respected by all, and too much could not be done for her. As soon as reachin home he would send his wife over to see what could be done, and of course his wallet was wide open for contributions. Hezekiah Davison wanted to say a few words also. He begun to talk about the discovery of America and the pilgrim fathers, but Deacon Spooner choked him off and got him down to the outbreak of the civil war. He'd hev hung on there if he hadn't bin jogged ag'in, and it was a quarter of an hour before he got around to say that he was awful sorry for the Widder Jackson and wanted to be one of the first to prove his big heartedness. Four or five others had their say, and then Henry Schemerhorn held up a paper and said:

"As I take it, we are all of us ready and willin to make up a little purse for the sufferin widder?"

"We are!" called everybody at once.

"Then there's nuthin to prevent. Bein as Jebez Thomas was first to make known the case, he should hev the honor of bein the first to put his name down on this paper."

Jabez hung back. He said he was only a humble citizen and didn't want to put himself forward over others. While his heart throbbed and bled and bobbed around, he'd give way to Deacon Spooner and come in second.

"Gentlemen," said the deacon as he looked around in a lonesome way, "I hev bin a resident of Jericho less than 20 years, and I don't want to assume the privilege of an old pioneer. It's an honor to head that paper, but I dasn't claim it when so many better and older citizens are before me. I don't want to hurt nobody's feelin's by boostin one man over another, but it do seem to me, under all the circumstances, that Squar Josiyn is the man to write his name first of anybody in Jericho."

The squar was red in the face as he rose up, and he didn't look a bit pleased as he said:

"While I may be the oldest resident of Jericho, nobody has ever heard me brag of it or thrust myself forward on that account. In signin papers of this sort I hev allus bin satisfied to come in sixth or seventh, and it shall be so in this case. My heart is open, and my wallet is open, but I'd suggest that Moses Perkins head the list. I understand that he and the lamented Thomas Jackson used to ship butter and eggs on shares, and it seems appropriate that he should hev this great honor."

Moses got up and began to talk of George Washington and Bunker Hill, but Deacon Spooner rapped him down and held him to the case in hand. Then he tried to say somethin about the glorious Fourth; but, bein choked off ag'in, he took the paper and put his name down fur 15 cents. He explained, however, that that was only a starter and that his sympathetic heart could be depended upon to do as much as any other heart in Jericho. The paper went round, and men put down their names from 15 to 50 cents. Each one had an explanation to make. He was only throwin out a feeler, but could be depended upon for $100 if there was need of it. The sum of $1.80 had bin raised and there was a general feelin all through the crowd that Jericho was doin herself proud when Lish Billings came saunterin in. Deacon Spooner at once explained the case to him and added:

"Lish, you are known to be a big hearted man, and we all know you will be glad to contribute to sich a worthy cause. Give us your name."

"I see," said Lish as he took the paper, "that you hev raised $1.80 for a sick and distressed widder who has lived among us for 15 years."

"We hev."

"And it's all goin to be hers?"

"Every cent of it."

"And you want me to make it up to $2 and do old Jericho proud?"

"That's it, Lish."

"Waal, you'll hev to excuse me. The widder don't happen to need the contributions of our throbbin and sympathetic hearts. She died about an hour ago, and her sister is comin down from Albany to bury her!" M. QUAD.

PAID FOR THE PICTURES.

Where the Money Came From That Settled the Bill.

"For diplomatic kindness I will never forget one man," remarked a well known sportsman of Pittsburg. "He certainly knew how to do the right thing, and although it didn't cost him anything it helped a crowd of us out of an embarrassing predicament for the time. A party of young fellows, myself in the number, were camping years ago on the Beaver river, not far from Rock point. None of us had much money after getting our outfit and the farmers got about all that was left in exchange for milk and butter. One day three of us decided to go up to the picnic grounds, and, just as luck would have it, we met a crowd of girls from our own town. It was a happy meeting all around until some fool girl suggested that we all get our pictures taken. To save our lives, the three of us boys couldn't have raised a total of 16 cents, but like true soldiers of fortune we decided to go ahead and trust to luck to meet the obligation.

"The artist eyed us rather queerly and our hearts began to fall. After a whispered consultation I was delegated to take him aside and negotiate with him. I was authorized to stake everything we had, even down to our good names. I stated the case briefly but eloquently, and I must have made a good impression, for, when I had finished, he said it would be all right. The strangest part of it all to me was when he handed me a dollar bill.

"'I know how it is myself,' he said. 'You want to put up a bluff before these girls. Just hand me the dollar for the pictures when I'm through.'

"That was what pleased me, and I flashed that bill before the girls with the air of a magnate. It was just a month later that I learned from a brother of one of the girls that they had noticed our worried looks and had forestalled us by paying the photographer the dollar I flourished so proudly."—Pittsburg News.

Too Hurried.

A "tenderfoot" who was trying his luck on a western ranch was at first horrified by the table etiquette which prevailed among his associates.

One day his feelings evidently came so near the surface that a cowboy whose performances with a table knife of unusual size had aroused the tenderfoot's amazement, paused with another knifeful of food half way to his lips.

"What's the matter?" inquired the cowboy with disconcerting promptness, in the tone of one who means to be answered.

"Ah—er—nothing," hastily responded the tenderfoot.

"Look here," cried the cowboy, with an accompanying thump of his unoccupied hand on the table, "I want you to understand that I've got manners, but I haven't time to use 'em—that's all!"—Youth's Companion.

Something For Nothing.

Some time ago there appeared in several Paris papers an advertisement of an obscure fruit dealer, in which he offered to give a prize of 5 francs for the largest apple sent to him. Then fish caught at the bait with marvelous rapidity, and in less than a fortnight the advertiser had received enough fruit to stock his store for the season. Naturally he was glad to pay 5 francs for the largest of the lot, and just as naturally he kept all the unsuccessful specimens for sale from his shop. Besides, the advertising resulted in a large increase in his business.

A Harsh Fate.

"Yis, poor chap," said Michael, "he had a hard toime av it. He ought to be glad he's dead. He niver had none av the blessings av the rich. The only toime he iver rode in a carriage in his loife was phwin he wint to his funeral."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Lucky Bingles.

"Bingles is a lucky man. His time goes right on whether he is waking or sleeping, sick or well."

"What is Bingles' business?"

"Watchmaker."—Ohio State Journal.

English women are not supposed to read the daily newspapers. They take to the weeklies, and that is why London has a great number of that class of a high order.

In the sixteenth century it was customary in Germany to get up at 5 o'clock, dine at 10, sup at 5 and go to bed at 8.

FACTS ABOUT DOLLS.

CAUSE OF THE ORIGIN OF THE WAX AND CHINA VARIETIES.

They Were First Used to Show Off Models of Costly Dresses and In the Seventeenth Century Were What Fashion Papers Are Today.

The origin of the word doll is curious. Centuries ago, when saints' names were much in vogue for children, St. Dorothea was the most popular, and her name the best and luckiest that could be given to a little girl. The nickname was Dolly, or Doll, and from giving babies the nickname it was an easy step to pass it on to the little images of which the babies were so fond.

The word doll is not found in common use in our language until the middle of the eighteenth century, and, as far as can be discovered, first appears in The Gentleman's Magazine for September, 1751, in the following: "Several dolls with different dresses, made in St. James street, have been sent to the czarina to show the manner of dressing at present in fashion among English ladies."

Previous to this the word used to describe the favorite plaything of all girls in all countries and in all ages was "baby," which is to be found, together with "poppet," or "puppet," in this sense in the works of most of the earlier writers.

The wax and china doll originated in the middle of the seventeenth century. There were no fashion papers as now, and in order to show what was being worn on the continent dolls were beautifully and expensively dressed and sent to the various European countries, and from the model orders were taken. The dolls, to show off their costly garb, must be made of more precious stuff than wood, so wax and china and even ivory ones were made.

Thuringia is the land where most dolls are born—puppetland, as it is called on this account. About 200 years ago most of the dolls were made in Flanders, and they were called not dolls, but Flanders' babies. There used to be an old English couplet which ran thus:

The children of Holland take pleasure in making
What the children of England take pleasure in breaking.

At one European doll factory of the present day 100,000 dolls are produced annually, some 500 men, women and children being employed. To make one talking doll requires the joint labor of 30 men. Dolls' eyes are made in underground rooms, into which the sunlight rarely peeps, and violet orbs are the most difficult to color. There is one town in Germany where three-fourths of all the dolls' eyes in the world are made. Only in the case of the most expensive dolls is real human hair used.

In a doll factory are wood carvers, headmakers, leg and arm makers, eyemakers, portrait artists, hairdressers, doll sewers and doll stuffers; also a small army of fashionable dressmakers and milliners.

The Hindoo child is probably the only doll-less child in the world. The little Egyptians have their wooden "Ushabti," the same in style as 4,000 years ago. These were sometimes made of porcelain. When a child died, its dolls were buried with it, in the expectation that their spirit forms would rise and do service in another world.

The paradise of dolls is Japan, where they are most elaborately and gorgeously attired affairs. So are the dolls of Kioto—"genroku," as they are called. They are often valuable wood carvings, enameled in colors or statuettes of great artistic merit.

One of the most interesting collections of dolls in this country is that belonging to the bureau of ethnology, Washington. They are dolls of the Uni Indians of Arizona and are made from the roots or subterranean branches of the cottonweed tree, whittled out with knives. They are decorated bright red, yellow, green and represent the gods of the tribe—the god of the snow, the god that eats up the rainclouds, the fire god, the sun god and the corn goddess. The Uni children play with these dolls as other children do. Any one who goes into a Uni habitation is certain to see a row of these dolls suspended from the ceiling. When not in use, they are hung up until wanted.

La Infantila is a doll with a history. It is made of clay and is considered by its owner, a Mexican lady, and by hosts of other persons to be a worker of miracles, and quantities of costly gifts are constantly offered to it. A room in the house of its owner is set aside for its exclusive use. Here it reclines in a canopy bed of solid silver. It has beautiful dresses and rich jewelry, valued at thousands of dollars. Among its latest gifts is a magnificent piano, which is played upon by those who visit the doll, as a part of the service of adoration.—New York Sun.

Quasi Relationship.

In Franklin county the other day a couple bearing the same name were married. When the license was applied for, the probate judge asked, as the law requires, if the bride and bridegroom were related. "Well, judge," responded the bridegroom, "we kinder are, an we kinder ain't just what you might call relations. You see, we were married together for quite a spell, but ma thought she wanted a divorce, an now we are goin to try it over again."—Kansas City Journal.

As With Others.

She—Were you ever troubled with dyspepsia?

He—Yes; that's the way it affects me.—Yonkers Statesman.

In his better moments stormy Carlyle used to say, "Kindness is the sum of life, the charm to captivate and the sword with which to conquer."

THE FIRST GERMAN PAPER.

Ben Franklin In 1732 Printed the First Zeitung In America.

The first newspaper printed in the German language in America was the Philadelphische Zeitung, published by Benjamin Franklin in the year 1732. The Pennsylvania Gazette for June 8-15, 1732, contains the following announcement:

"The Gazette will come out on Monday next and continue to be published on Mondays.

"And on the Saturday following will be published Philadelphische Zeitung, or Newspaper in High Dutch, which will continue to be published on Saturdays once a fortnight, ready to be delivered at Ten a Clock, to Country Subscribers. Advertisements are taken in by the Printer hereof, or by Mr. Louis Timothee, Language Master, who translates them."

In undertaking this new enterprise Franklin expected to secure a liberal support from the German population of the province, for whom he had been doing considerable printing, but in this he was disappointed, and the publication of the Zeitung was discontinued after a few numbers had been issued.

The Zeitung was a small sheet of four pages, 6½ by 9 inches, the text printed in double columns with Roman type, and at the bottom of the fourth page bore the imprint: "Philadelphia: Gedruckt bey B. Francklin in der Marck-strasse, wo diese Zeitungen vor 5 Shillings des Jahrs zu bekommen, und Advertisements zu bestellen sind." The first number was issued June 10, 1732, and the second "Sonnabend den 24. Juni, 1732." The publication of the Zeitung, therefore, antedates by seven years the Hoch-Deutsch Pennsylvanische Geschicht-Schreiber, published by Christopher Saur.—Chicago Times-Herald.

HIS HAT AND UMBRELLA.

This Man Took a Quick Luncheon Sign at Its Word.

He was undoubtedly from the country. His umbrella, a big cotton affair, would have given him away even had he not had one trousers leg tucked into a boot. He wandered into one of the big quick luncheon places in lower Broadway. He was looking for something to eat and was just sitting down at a table when his eye caught a sign which read: "Watch Your Hats! The Management Will Not Be Responsible For Umbrellas and Hats Unless Checked by the Cashier."

"Where's this here cashier?" he asked the woman who came to wait on him.

"Up there in the little cage by the door," said the waitress.

The farmer stalked to the cashier's desk and laid down his umbrella and a big hat that was new five or six years ago. The cashier looked up in amazement.

"Keep your hat," she said. "It will be all right."

The farmer walked back to his table, read the sign again and thought it over. Then he climbed on a chair and took the sign from its hook. He carried it up to the cashier.

"What does this mean?" he asked.

People were beginning to laugh, and the pretty cashier got red in the face. She took the hat and umbrella and wrote out a receipt. It was the first time in her life that she had been asked to check a hat, and she has been a cashier more years than one.—New York Tribune.

She Was Ahead.

Marjorie had just returned from a visit to the old homestead in Tennessee, where a colored nurse nearly 100 years old was still an inmate. It puzzled her that Chloe should be called "auntie" by her mother and the family, but at last she accepted the fact and did likewise. Her playmates, trooping in to welcome her home, began to enumerate their possessions acquired during her absence.

"I've got a black pony," crowed Charlie exultantly.

"I've got a new baby brother," cried Jessie.

"M'm! That's nothing; I've got two of 'em," retorted Fred.

Marjorie's eyes flashed. "Oh!" she cried. "I've got a heap more'n that; I've got an auntie as old as Mefusela and black as tar."—Leslie's Weekly.

Aroused Her Curiosity After All.

"Don't want any," said a North Broadway housekeeper from her second story window to a street vender whose wagon was standing a few steps away and who had just pulled the bell.

"Don't want any what?" gruffly asked the arab, who hadn't had even a chance to tell what his wares were.

"What have you got?" asked the housekeeper, whose curiosity was getting the better of her annoyance.

"Oh, never mind. You don't want any. Git up, Bob!"

"Now, I wonder what that exasperating man is selling, anyhow?" she exclaimed as the wagon disappeared around the corner.—Baltimore Sun.

When Twelve Is Odd.

One would think that 12 was more entitled to be considered an "even" number than 10, for its half is an "even," whereas the half of 10 is "odd." Yet on the Stock Exchange 12 is an "odd" number. The house takes five shares as the basis of dealing, remarks Commerce, and all multiples of five are considered "even" numbers. Any intermediate numbers are "odd," and parcels of shares not divisible by 5 are difficult to sell except at a reduced price.

That's Another Story.

When a poor young man marries a rich girl, all the women say he is mercenary; but when a rich man marries a rich girl they say such a love is the most beautiful thing in the world.—New York Press.

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Leslie's Weekly, New York City	4.00	4.00	4.50
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Scribner's Magazine, New York City	3.00	3.50	3.90
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Rural New Yorker, New York City	1.00	1.25	1.75
Cosmopolitan Magazine, Irvington, N. Y.	1.00	1.25	1.90
Country Gentleman, Albany, N. Y.	2.00	2.00	2.70
Farm Journal, Philadelphia, Penn.	.50	1.00	1.50
Lippincott's Magazine, Philadelphia, Penn.	2.00	2.00	2.50
Youth's Companion, Boston, Mass.	1.75	2.25	2.90
Farm and Home, Springfield, Mass.	.50	1.00	1.50
New England Homestead, Springfield, Mass.	1.00	1.25	1.85
Good Housekeeping, Springfield, Mass.	1.00	1.00	1.65
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Ohio Farmer, Cleveland, Ohio	.00	1.00	1.65
Michigan Farmer, Detroit, Mich.	.00	1.00	1.65
Farm and Fireside, Springfield, Ohio	.50	1.00	1.50
Farm News, Springfield, Ohio	.50	1.00	1.50
Home and Farm, Louisville, Ky.	.50	1.00	1.50
The Farmer, St. Paul, Minn.	.50	1.00	1.50
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Newspapers.

Newspapers are sheets of paper printed and distributed at intervals for conveying intelligence of passing events.

The number of newspapers of the world are about 42,000 of which 24,000 appear in Europe and 12,500 in the United States. There are also about 17,000 published in the English language.

As early as the fifteenth century small newspapers and pamphlets were published.

The Weekly News of 1662, edited by Nathaniel Butter, as far as is known, was the first English newspaper published.

The London Weekly Courant was also published the same year.

The first daily newspaper, viz, The Daily Courant, was printed in 1702.

The earliest newspaper published in America was Public Occurrences, 1690; this was followed by the Boston News-Letter, which continued until 1719 when the Boston Gazette was issued.

Benjamin Franklin published the first paper in Pennsylvania in the year 1729, which was named, The Pennsylvania Gazette, afterwards known as The North American, the oldest paper in America.

In 1890 there were issued in the United States and Canada a total number of 17,760 newspapers and periodical publications, consisting of 13,164 weeklies, 2,191 monthlies, 1,626 dailies, 217 semi-weeklies, 280 semi-monthlies, 126 quarterlies, 82 bi-weeklies, 38 bi-monthlies and 36 tri-weeklies. Of which the state of New York contains 1,778 and Pennsylvania 1,281.

In 1896 there were published in the United States about 2,200 dailies and 15,000 semi-weekly and weekly newspapers.

Since 1840 New York has been known as the acknowledged metropolis of the newspaper and periodical press of America.

The most widely circulated newspapers are the New York Herald, the World, the News and the Morning Journal.

The Herald was established in 1835, the Tribune in 1841 and the Times in 1850.

The first newspaper introduced into France was the Gazette De France in the year 1631.

Turkey and Greece are now in possession of many numerous newspapers and journals.

CHARLES B. MUSSER.

[The above article is a composition written by a pupil of the Woodward school, and, while chiefly gleaned from statistics, it indicates careful research and is a very creditable effort.]

Pill—Age.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills, 10 cents a vial, are planned after the most modern in medical science. They are as great an improvement over the 50 years old strong dose pill formulas as a bicyle is over an ox-cart in travel. They never gripe and they never fail. 40 doses, 10 cents.—63. Sold by F. Potts Green.

—Secretary Long wants 3000 more men for the Navy. Here is a chance for the able bodied Bellefonters who are not otherwise engaged.

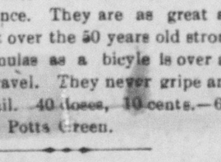
HEADACHE

Pain back of your eyes? Heavy pressure in your head? And are you sometimes faint and dizzy? Is your tongue coated? Bad taste in your mouth? And does your food distress you? Are you nervous and irritable? Do you often have the blues? And are you troubled about sleeping?

Then your liver is all wrong.

But there is a cure. 'Tis the old reliable

Ayer's Pills



They act directly on the liver. They cure constipation, biliousness, sick headache, nausea, and dyspepsia. Take a laxative dose each night. For 60 years years they have been the Standard Family Pills.

Price 25 cents. All Druggists.

"I have taken Ayer's Pills regularly for six months. They have cured me of a severe headache, and I can now walk from two to four miles without getting tired or out of breath, something I have not been able to do for many years."
S. E. WALWORK,
July 13, 1899. Salem, Mass.

Write the Doctor.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly receive, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt reply without cost. Address,
DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

THE STATE OF TRADE

What Bradstreet and Dun & Co. Have to Say.

STAPLE PRODUCTS ARE FIRM

In Textiles the Improvement Which Seemed to be Promised is Still Delayed—Failures for the Week Were 324.

LIVENING UP OF INTEREST NOTED

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade today says:

Only in the textiles is special hesitation shown. Staple products are firm, iron and steel prices are held without trouble, boots and shoes wear are steady, and all with fair demand, so that manufacturers are steady. In textiles, however, the improvement which seemed to be promised with the new year is still delayed.

Construction of bridges and buildings, together with contemplated track elevation, crowds the capacity of all concerns making structural shapes of iron and steel. Orders for locomotives, cars, rails and all forms of railway equipment are also abundant, and there is no sign of reaction in the industry. Plate and sheet mills have large business, and merchant steel is in brisk demand. Competition is keen, however, and increased operations fail to affect prices. New schedules are promised in the near future and lower rates are anticipated. Stocks decreased slightly in December, but there is fear of accumulation and quotations at Pittsburg and Philadelphia have declined during the past week.

Wheat was agitated by reports of a corner in the May option, and for a time exhibited strength. A sharp reaction followed, holders parting readily with their contracts.

Failures for the week were 324 in the United States 274 last year and thirty-seven in Canada against twenty-five last year.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—Bradstreet's today says:

Business is still of a between seasons character in most lines, but a livening up of interest in several trades has been noted this week. Relatively best reports come from the iron and steel, lumber, leather and drug trades. Spring trade in dry goods is just opening up and it is noted that a heavy shipping movement on orders is now proceeding.

Cereals have given a further exhibition of life this week, partly on light northwest receipts and advices that Argentine shipments will not exceed 35,000,000 bushels or half that of a year ago, but there is a heavier volume of Wall street money seeking an outlet in the grain market. Fluctuations have been wider and it has been essentially a traders' market with net changes for the week small. Corn is slightly higher in sympathy with wheat and small receipts of contract.

Inquiry rather than active demand is a leading feature in iron and steel, but quite an increase of activity is noted in Bessemer pig iron and billets at Pittsburg and in plates at Chicago. No change in billets or plates has been agreed on as yet. Iron production is increasing, but has not yet overtaken consumption, and stocks are reported smaller than a month ago. There are only two idle furnaces now in the Chicago district.

Cotton has weakened, due to larger receipts, while cotton goods have been quiet on the advices of a backward spring trade at the east. Wool has been in rather better demand than of late, due to better buying by manufactures.

A Bunch of Warm Ones from the "Pittsburg Times."

The United States Senate thinks the jag should not follow the flag.

—

Beer in tabloid form is what the army will soon be looking for.

—

The anti-canteenists will probably object to schooners as transports.

—

In the absence of the canteen the soldiers will have to fall back on the jug.

—

The canteenists want to know how the soldiers are going to lick anybody without their "licker."

Another Bunco Game.

Farmers in Mill Creek, Fairfield and Muncy township, Lycoming county, were painfully surprised a few days ago, says the Hughesville Mail, when notified by banks in this vicinity that notes bearing their signature had been deposited for collection. Early in the fall these farmers sold their buckwheat crops to strangers who professed to represent well known New York buyers. To bind the bargain, in each case the stranger paid $25, and secured the farmer's signature to a receipt. These "receipts" now turn out to have been "skin tight" notes, and they have come back to the farmers raised to $250.

—Mrs. Meade D. Detweiler, of Harrisburg, will give a tea this afternoon, from 3 until 5, in honor of Mrs. Rose Anderson Hickok, nee Helen Hastings.

A NIGHT IN BOHEMIA.

The Logan Smoker Thursday evening a great success.

The spacious quarters of the Logan Steam Fire Engine company on East Howard street were thronged Thursday evening with company members and guests at one of the Logan's famous smokers. The Logans, as they are familiarly styled at home, have dispensed lavish hospitality at frequent smokers since their occupancy of their present commodious and handsome quarters but Thursday night's event eclipsed by long odds any previous social entertainment they have given. A long table, artistically arranged and ladened with an abundance of good things to eat, was spread in the centre of the engine room beneath a canopy of American flags. The feast received the constant attention of the company present and proved more than sufficient to meet the wants of every one. There was ample for all and plenty to spare.

Capt. H. S. Taylor admirably discharged the duties of toastmaster. Among those who responded to the Captain's request for a few remarks were His Honor Judge Love, Col. Wilbur F. Reeder, Burgess Blanchard, Hon. James Schofield, J. C. Meyer, J. S. McGarger and George R. Meek. Oratory was in the air and the speeches of the above named gentlemen, as well as those of others who had a few words to say, were suitable to the occasion and were received with long and continued applause. Fred Smith had charge of the music which consisted of an orchestra of 9 pieces and it was a feature of the evening's entertainment. J. M. Cunningham was the master spirit of the feast and he with his capable and efficient assistants catered to the wants of the company in a style that won for them the praise and commendation of every one within the walls of the Logan's castle.

This smoker of the Logan's was a success from start to finish. It gave to the company members and the large number of invited guests an evening of keen pleasure and delight. The Logan Steam Fire Engine company is not only one of the best volunteer fire organizations in the state but it can lay claim to a place in the front rank when it comes to social functions.

"More haste, less speed," and "hasten slowly," are proverbs born of experience that some things can't be hurried without loss and waste. That is specially true of eating. The railway lunch habit, "five minutes for refreshments," is a habit most disastrous to the health. You may hurry your eating. You can't hurry your digestion, and the neglect to allow proper time for this important function is the beginning of sorrows to many a busy man. When the tongue is foul, the head aches, when there are sour or bitter risings, undue fullness after eating, hot flushes, irritability, nervousness, irresolution, cold extremities, and other annoying symptoms, be sure the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition have "broken down." Nothing will re-establish them in active healthy operation so quickly as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It strengthens the stomach, nourishes the nerves, purfies the blood, and builds up the body. It is a strictly temperance medicine containing no alcohol or other intoxicant.

Given away. Dr. Pierce's great work, The People's common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the paper covered book, or 31 stamps for cloth binding, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

How to Avoid the Grippe.

Having once accumulated a lively case of the grip one's first inclination, naturally, is to call in a physician. Then if he is a good patient, he does what the doctor tells him. Many leading physicians are just now giving their views as to how the disease may possibly be avoided. Here is what the physicians recommend:

Keep warmly clad.
Keep the feet dry.
Avoid colds and draughts.
Use stimulants sparingly, if at all.
Eat nourishing food.
Take your meals regularly.
Do not overheat your house.
See that the ventilation is good.
Take quinine in tonic doses.

If you are taken ill call in a physician, as complications which may ensue are dangerous.—Pittsburg *Dispatch*.

It Girdles The Globe.

The fame of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, as the best in the world, extends round the earth. It's the one perfect healer of Cuts, Corns, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Scalds, Boils, Ulcers, Felons, Aches, Pains, and all Skin Eruptions. Only infallible Pile cure. 25c a box at F. Potts Green's drug store.

—J. C. Begley, formerly the editor of the Windber Journal, who was injured in the railroad accident at the station in Johnstown last July, has entered suit against the Penna. railroad company for $30,000. Suit will also be brought against the company for $30,000 damages by his wife who lost a leg in the accident, and $20,000 damages will be asked for the death of their child. The suits will be tried in the Somerset county courts.

Months.

"I was unable to lie down in my bed for eighteen months, owing to smothering spells caused by Heart Disease. One bottle of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart removed the trouble, and today I am as well as ever I was."—L. W. Law, Toronto Junction—62. Sold by F. Potts Green.

—Mrs. Michael Lamb is very ill at her home on South Allegheny street with typhoid fever.

PASSING OF THE BELL.

No Longer Used to Record the Joys and Sorrows of Humanity.

The solemn and impressive custom of announcing death by the tolling of the church bell will soon be but a vague and distant memory. "The passing bell" has itself passed away, and its slow measured accents no longer tell the story of the departure of one more soul. The brief notice in the daily paper, while it conveys explicit information, fails to give something that the bell's tolling carried with it. The solemn rhythmic tones awakened a momentary vibration in the breast of each listener and bade each pause for sympathy and meditation. The bell admonished the sinner to repent and warned the thoughtless that time was flying while it spoke clearly and comprehensively and bade all scattered and preoccupied inhabitants attend its story.

The bell's voice is identified with all the deepest and most sacred human emotions. It has bespoken the joys and sorrows of all mankind for centuries. Is its voice to die away and have no part in the life of the future? The wedding bells ring out no more save in some song or story. The Christmas chimes are seldom wafted to our ears. The church bells ring but faintly now and under constant protest. "The curfew tolls the knell of parting day" only in verse. A sunset gun today gives greater satisfaction. The angelus sounds merely in pictorial form, the fire bells give place to still alarms, the dinner bell is silenced in polite society, and sleigh bells are discarded.

What is the future of the bell—that happy silver tongue that has sung out the joys of all the world, that solemn tone that has mourned for the nation's dead and voiced the nation's woes and summoned to their knees the nation's worshipers?—Atlantic Monthly.

QUARRIES OF OLD EGYPT.

Where Stone For Pyramids of the Desert Was Procured.

On the way to Philæ and the head of the cataract, a short distance south of Assouan, we come upon the ancient quarries which supplied the granite for the columns, statues and obelisks throughout Egypt for many centuries. An obelisk which we saw lies in its native bed. It is 95 feet in length, and three sides have been carefully cut, but for some unknown reason it was never separated entirely from the parent rock. The surface bears the tool marks of the workmen. The grooves in it show that it was to have been reduced at the sides. It was supposed that the stone was split from its bed by drilling holes in the rock and filling them with wooden wedges, which were afterward saturated with water, the swelling wood furnishing the power.

From illustrations in the temples it is clear that these great monuments were floated down the river on flatboats and rafts and then carried inland by artificial canals or dragged overland by thousands of slaves. In one of the tombs at Beni-Hassan is a picture illustrating the process. The great stone is loaded upon a huge sled drawn by a multitude of workmen. One man is engaged in pouring water upon the runners to prevent friction; another stands at the left of the statue and beats time, that the men may work in unison, while overseers, provided with whips, urge the laborers to their task. What king desired to extricate this block from the quarry, why it was left here, what it was to commemorate, we can never know. The riddle of the sphinx is solved, but the riddle of the obelisk in the quarry will no doubt remain with us forever.—Chautauquan.

To Avoid a Total Loss.

A Pittsburg man tells of a visit he made at a thrifty home in a nearby town. The call was quite a pleasant one and during the evening "Abey," the hopeful son of the family, was sent to the cellar for refreshments for the guests. He could be heard groping his way through the dark, and then came the noise of something falling and the crash of glass. "Abey's" mother was plainly uneasy, but she assumed the unnatural composure which her society duties demanded. Soon "Abey" came up with an armful of bottles.

"What was that noise we heard, 'Abey'?" asked the mother.

"Nothing much," replied "Abey." "I knocked over a bottle of milk and it rolled down the steps and spilled."

"Did you call the cat, 'Abey'?" asked the thrifty woman.—Pittsburg News.

Frequent Vaccination.

Although almost absolute immunity is secured for a period of six months by vaccination, there is no certainty that its effects will continue beyond that time. In the majority of cases it does, but the interval for which this additional benefit is enjoyed is variable. Hence those who have studied the matter most carefully recommend a fresh operation if more than six months have elapsed since the last one, if a person is liable to be subjected to peril, as in time of an epidemic.—New York Tribune.

Not Wholly a Misfortune.

The Widow—Yes, Henry's death is a great loss to me, but I am thankful for one thing—he died before he could get his patent perfected.

Sympathizing Friend—Pardon me.

The Widow—You don't understand? Why, in that case, you know, all the money he had would have gone sooner or later.—Boston Transcript.

After LaGrippe—What?

Usually a racking cough and a general feeling of weakness. Foley's Honey and Tar is guaranteed to cure the "grippe cough" and make you strong and well.—All druggist.

THE LAST CHARGE.

Trumpeter, blow on, terrific and thunderous,
Blow till thy bugle outring the wild gales,
Spare not the wounded that writhe and wind under us,
Drown in our ears all their piercing death wails!
Steady, dragoons! Get together your forces;
Aim at the breast, for that makes the best targe.
Now let us fly like a whirlwind of heroes;
Ride like your forefathers! Cavalry, charge!

Trumpeter, sound me a dread note and dangerous;
Blow to the end of thy desperate breath!
Blow till the cry of it, clinging and clangorous,
Call back the squadrons that rode to their death.
Close up, dragoons, and ride forward the guidon.
Trumpeter, blow me once more loud and large!
This is not earth, but dead men, that we ride on;
They were your brothers once! Cavalry, charge!

Trumpeter, sound a note tender and tremulous;
Wail for those lost to us, sob for our dead!
Cry loud for vengeance! Oh, let your note emulous
Rival the roar of the souls that have fled!
Ready, dragoons! Ye are fifty that follow!
Burst as a river bursts over its marge!
Who first can fling his horse into their hollow?
On, up and over them! Cavalry, charge!
—Thomas Tracy Bouve in McClure's Magazine.

RULED WITH A ROD.

But the Rod Must Be Iron, With a Redhot Tip.

"When all other methods of controlling wild beasts fail the keeper has only to employ an iron rod, which has been made redhot at one end," said an old circus man to a Star reporter recently. "Lions and tigers," he continued, "will cringe before the heated poker, and no matter how restless and fretful they may have been the sight of the glowing iron immediately brings them to their best of animal senses. It has an almost hypnotic influence over the beasts. I have seldom heard of an animal being burned in this manner, however, so there is nothing cruel in the treatment. It would not do for the keeper to burn the charges under his care, for the scars would mar the animal for exhibition purposes. The hot iron is a terror, just the same, and under its persuasion the kings of the jungle are docile and ready to do what is wanted of them.

"In circus menageries the animals often become almost unmanageable. This is true of the younger specimens, who do not like the idea of being so closely housed, so much hauled about and so often cut off from the light of the outside world. When it becomes necessary to give their cages a thorough and sanitary cleaning, one attendant holds the beast in a corner by means of the redhot iron, while another thoroughly cleanses the remaining portion of the cage, the work being accomplished by brooms and mops from the outside. In changing the wilder animals from the cages employed on the road to the larger and more commodious quarters at the winter station, what we call a strong box is used. The wagon is hauled alongside the large cage and the steel strong box, open at both ends, is constituted a passageway. The animal hesitates to make the journey through such a suspicious looking object, however, and again the heated iron must be brought into play."—Washington Star.

He Was Up to the Limit.

A young society woman tells a story of a very little newsboy who so appreciated her kindness to him at a newsboys' dinner that he went to the extent of great suffering for her sake. At least she thinks it was appreciation, but others have doubts. At all events, the young woman who, with a number of others, was engaged in serving the boys, noticed this little boy way off at one end of the table. Many of his larger fellows were already hard at work on the various good things, but this little fellow had evidently been neglected. Clearly here was a case of urgent charity, so the amateur waitress flew to his side, and for an hour she saw to it that he did not lack for anything. Plate after plate of turkey was literally showered upon him. Finally, as she set another piece of plum pudding in front of him, he rolled his eyes meekly toward her and said in muffled tones:

"Well, miss, I kin chew, but I can't swaller no more."—New York Sun.

Ouida and the Duchesses.

Lord Rathmore told a friend how he once took Ouida in to dinner and how disappointed he was to find that the novelist devoted herself to the dishes rather than to intellectual refreshment. He said at last in despair at having only been able to get "Yes" and "No" in answer to the different subjects he introduced: "I'm afraid I'm singularly unfortunate in my choice of topics. Is there anything we could talk about to interest you?"

To which the chronicler of society's shortcomings replied: "There is one thing which would interest me very much. Tell me about the duchesses. I have written about them all my life and never met one yet."

The Double Letter.

The double letter is scarcely of use in any language. Sometimes we are purely inconsistent. Letter must have two t's, literal one. The double letter very seldom affects the pronunciation. Would it not be well to drop the double letter altogether? It would simplify spelling and save time too.—Notes and Queries.

The Exact Truth Exacted.

Caller—You look like a good and truthful girl. Tell me—is your mistress really out?

Domestic—She is, ma'am.

Caller—Where?

Domestic—At the elbows, ma'am.—Chicago Tribune.

—Senator Hoar will offer an amendment to the Judicial Appropriation bill increasing the salary of the Chief Justice of the United States to $15,500 per annum and that of the Associate Justices to $15,000.

Getting Thin

is all right, if you are too fat; and all wrong, if too thin already.

Fat, enough for your habit, is healthy; a little more, or less, is no great harm. Too fat, consult a doctor; too thin, persistently thin, no matter what cause, take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil.

There are many causes of getting too thin; they all come under these two heads: overwork and under-digestion.

Stop over-work, if you can; but, whether you can or not, take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, to balance yourself with your work. You can't live on it—true—but, by it, you can. There's a limit, however; you'll pay for it

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil is the readiest cure for "can't eat," unless it comes of your doing no work—you can't long be well and strong, without some sort of activity.

The genuine has this picture on it, take no other.
If you have not tried it, send for free sample, its agreeable taste will surprise you.
SCOTT & BOWNE
Chemists,
409 Pearl Street,
New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

Quite Likely In Boston.

Boston new-papers assert that the conductors on their local traffic lines are the most cultured ticket collectors to be found anywhere. They insist that many of these Yankee sages speak several languages and carry college diplomas in their inside pockets.

Do you Cough?

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure a Cough or Cold at once. Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough and Measle-Cough without fail. Mothers praise it. Doctors prescribe it for Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Grippe, Pneumonia and Consumption. It gives quick, sure results. Price, 25 cts. Refuse the dealer's substitute; it is not as good.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

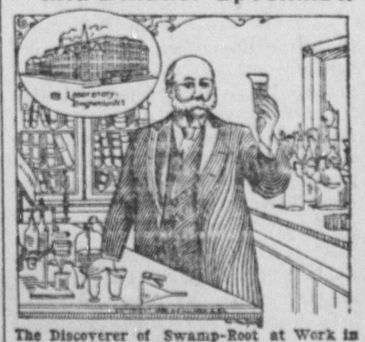
Always cures when others fail.

Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation and Liver Troubles. 50 pills, 10 cts. Trial box, 5 cts.

—A majority of persons take years off their lives through eating too much, while all the time they are under the impression that they are indeed being strictly moderate.

—Harvey Knerr, a contractor and builder of Washington, D. C. has secured the contract for the erection of the Altoona public building for $62,500.

The Eminent Kidney and Bladder Specialist.



The Discoverer of Swamp-Root at Work in His Laboratory.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell. Then the richness of the blood—the albumen—leaks out and the sufferer has Bright's Disease, the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** the new discovery is the true specific for kidney, bladder and urinary troubles. It has cured thousands of apparently hopeless cases, after all other efforts have failed. At druggists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. A sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling about Swamp-Root and its wonderful cures. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. and mention this paper.

The Bellefonte Republican

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication ublished unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

WILBUR F. HARRIS.

Local Department.

—Samuel Loper, one of Montgomery & Co's obliging and capable clerks is a grippe victim.

—During the past year 2000 trout fry have been placed in the streams at Hecla Park by the State Fishery Commissioners.

—No one would ever be bothered with constipation if everyone knew how quickly Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the stomach and bowels.

—Edgar Rearick, the young man who was so seriously injured at Niagara Fall, the night before Christmas is very much better and will be brought home next week.

—No man can cure consumption. You can prevent it though. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, sore throat. Never fails.

—Those who expect to vote at the election next month should pay their taxes before Saturday next, January 19th, as that is the last day on which a voter can qualify.

—Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible the torture they suffer. Only one sure cure. Doan's Ointment. Absolutely safe can't fail.

—Republican primaries for nominations for the spring election, which occurs on February 19th have been called for Saturday January 26th by Republican County Chairman Reeder.

—Mrs. Geiser of East Bishop street, who has been in the Medico-Chirurgical hospital, Philadelphia, for the past two months undergoing treatment has returned home much improved.

—Dr. William Laurie delivered an excellent sermon in the Presbyterian church Sunday evening to a large and appreciative audience. Last week was the week of prayer and the meetings were productive of much good.

—The Coleville band will give a concert and specialty entertainment in Garman's opera house, Tuesday evening, February 5. The proceeds will go to furnish new uniforms for the band. The music and specialties promise to be something fine.

—The Centre county Pomona grange, No. 13, will meet in hall of Bald Eagle grange, Milesburg, on Friday, the 25th inst. at 10 a. m. As this will be the first meeting of the year, it is respectfully urged that every subordinate grange in the county be represented.

—Three marriage licenses were issued during the past week. They were as follows: John Snyder, of Retort, Pa., and Mary Walk, of Philipsburg; John Carter and Minnie Barnes, both of Bellefonte; Edward E. McKinney and Mary M. Viehdorfer, both of Moshannon.

—George Brown, a farmer, of Yarnell, this county, died Saturday afternoon after a lingering illness from dropsy. He was about sixty years of age and leaves a wife and several children. Interment took place Monday afternoon in the Advent cemetery. Deceased was a member of the Baptist church.

—Editor Smith, of Centre Hall, last week took the first vacation he has had since taking charge of the Reporter. He witnessed the great demonstrations greeting the new year given in Philadelphia, then tried to fathom the workings of the state legislature, and returned Friday, ready to again enter upon editorial duties with renewed vigor.

—Rev. W. F. Careon, pastor of the Milesburg Presbyterian congregation, will preach in that church Sunday morning at 10:30. Rev. Mr. Laughlin, by appointment of the Presbytery, will occupy the pulpit in the evening at 7 o'clock, his theme being Foreign Missions, on which subject he is thoroughly posted. All are cordially invited.

—Mr. Boyd Wilson one of the members of the Howard creamery company, has been quite ill at his home on Valentine street with typhoid fever. During Mr. Wilsons sickness the work at the Bellefonte creamery has been carried on very successfully by his two competent helpers Messrs. Harry Clemenstine and Guy Thompson. Mr. Wilson has been sick for over six weeks.

—Frank Derstine, Montgomery & Co's chief clerk, has received an interesting collection of unmounted photographs of Filipino beauties and warriors and localities on the islands where our Bellefonte volunteers have seen service, from Corporal George Sunday of the 47th Infantry U. S. V. They are being mounted at the Moore galleries in Crider's Exchange and when completed will be displayed in Montgomery & Co's show windows.

—William I. Swope Esq., the new District attorney of Clearfield county, who is well known in Bellefonte, is sending out cards to his friends and clients informing them of the fact that on and after the 7th of January 1901, his office will be in the Court house at Clearfield. While by virtue of his position he will during his term be attorney for the Commonwealth in criminal cases, yet he can be retained by private clients in civil cases as heretofore.

AN ATTEMPTED ROBBERY.

A Bellefonte Young Man Arrested Upon a Serious Charge.

James Gallagher, of this place, a young man about 18 years of age, was arrested on Thursday morning upon a very serious charge, that of assault and attempted robbery. The circumstances are as follows: Mrs. Holloway, wife of Rev. Dr. H. C. Holloway, the Lutheran pastor, was on her way home about a quarter of nine o'clock Wednesday evening, when in front of the residence of the late Judge Orvis on East Linn street a man suddenly stepped forward and taking hold of her arm made a grab for her pocketbook which she carried in her hand. Mrs. Holloway screamed and pushed him aside saying "I know you" she then ran as fast as she could to her home which was only a door or two above. The man that accosted her did not follow her but ran on down Linn street. Mrs. Holloway describes her assailant as being slight and she should judge about 18 years of age. A little while later the same party made a similar and unsuccessful attack on Miss Maggie Herman, who lives at John M. Dale's, in front of the residence of Jos. L. Montgomery on East Linn street.

Mrs. Holloway communicated with Burgess Blanchard giving a description of her assailant. The police were at once put on his track and at about half past eleven Thursday Gallagher was arrested and placed in the lock-up. He was given a preliminary hearing before Burgess Blanchard at 2 p. m. and discharged but at once rearrested upon information sworn out by Mrs. Holloway.

The authorities claim they have the right party and say the identification is complete and that they have strong evidence. Burgess Blanchard and his police have acted very promptly in the matter and if they have the right party deserve great credit for the quickness with which they have acted.

Gallagher was given a hearing before Squire Harshberger Friday morning at 10 o'clock. District Attorney Spangler, assisted by Burgess Blanchard, represented the Commonwealth, and Attorney W. E. Gray the defendant. Mrs. Holloway, Miss Maggie Herman, who was also attacked on East Linn street on Wednesday a short time after Mrs. Holloway's adventure, Lewis Mills and Miss Mary Sullivan testified on behalf of the prosecution. The defendant's lawyer made no defense at the hearing and Justice Harshberger, upon the evidence produced by the prosecution, remanded the case for trial before the court. Bail for $500, required by the Justice, was furnished by Charles Schad.

Massey—Warner.

Joseph Massey sprang a little surprise on his many friends in this place, by slipping away quietly and taking unto himself a bride in the person of Miss Eva Warner, of Burlington, N. J. The happy event took place at the home of the bride's father, Fred Warner, Thursday evening, Jan. 3, at 7 o'clock. Only the immediate friends and families of the bride and groom were present.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. Pennington, pastor of the Baptist church at Mt. Holly, N. J. The best man was Albert Leech and the bridesmaid was Miss Ethel Warner, a sister of the bride.

Mr. and Mrs. Massey arrived in Bellefonte Saturday evening. They expect to go to housekeeping in the near future but are at present boarding at Wm. Dawson's on Spring street. Mr. Massey is a member of the Undine Fire company and the boys tendered him a good old fashioned serenade on Saturday night.

The REPUBLICAN extends congratulations and best wishes to Mr. and Mrs. Massey.

Lock Haven Man's Work.

A fine water system has recently been completed at Milesburg by A. M. Thomas, the well known contractor of Lock Haven. The system is on the gravity plan, with a head at the reservoir of 409 feet, giving a pressure of 175 pounds to the inch, and a reservoir containing over 200,000 gallons of the finest water. The citizens of Milesburg are delighted with the improvement and give Mr. Thomas much praise for the manner in which he did the work. He started the contract Nov. 1st and by Dec. 1st he had more than two miles of pipe laid and water in some of the houses, and would have completed the work in less than six weeks had he not been delayed by want of pipes.

Rev. Wilford P. Shriner on the Sick List

Rev. Wilford P. Shriner, of the Methodist church, who spent several days of last week on business in Philadelphia returned home on Saturday evening with an attack of the grippe, sufficient to confine him to the parsonage on East Linn street and to prevent him from officiating at his usual church services on Sunday. The morning service in the Court House was very acceptably and pleasingly conducted by Mr. Victor Royer, Secretary of the Y. M. C. A. There was no evening service held by the Methodist congregation.

—Rev. Laughlin, who has been a missionary in China for several years past, will deliver a sermon in the Presbyterian church next Sunday morning on Foreign Missions. He is an eloquent speaker and will no doubt give some interesting facts on the recent massacres in China. In the evening he will occupy the pulpit of the Milesburg Presbyterian church.

NOMINATE GOOD MEN.

Col. W. Fred Reynolds Suggested as a Candidate for Council from the North Ward.

The following communication bearing upon the forthcoming February election is indeed worthy of earnest thought and consideration. It is absolutely essential for the welfare of our little city and its interests that only good, capable and representative citizens be selected to fill our municipal offices. The writer's suggestion of Col. W. Fred Reynolds for council from the North ward is a most admirable one. A council composed of men of Col. Reynold's high standing and exceptional business capacity would give our city a councilmanic body that would at once reflect credit upon the wisdom and intelligence of our electors and provide a safeguard against any and all injudicous and ill-advised management of our municipal affairs. If Col. Reynolds can be persuaded to consent to the use of his name as a candidate for council from the North ward his nomination and election is assured.

Editor of the Daily News:

As the spring election for borough officials takes place on the 19th of February and the nomination of candidates must be made not later than Feb. 1st, which is in the very near future; is it not well that we look around for suitable persons to fill the several vacancies which will occur in our borough government at that time, and in order that our affairs may be properly and economically managed none but good men should be placed in nomination by either party.

None of the offices to be filled are of a political character, and every one should be interested in having none but good men elected.

In the North Ward the term of Harry Keller Esq., who has served the borough faithfully as a member of the council for the past 6 years expires, and as he does not desire a re-election some equally good man should be elected as his successor, and as no one but a citizen who has property interests, should represent us in that body, I would suggest, to succeed him, the name of Col. W. Fred Reynolds, to be presented at our next republican primaries.

I do not know what Col. Reynold's views are on the subject, but I believe that if the nomination was tendered him he would be willing to serve his fellow citizens, even though at a sacrifice of time and business, for we all know him to be one of our most public spirited citizens.

He is largely interested in the material interests of our borough, and should he accept the nomination, would certainly be elected, as every one has confidence in his integrity, good sound judgment, and business ability.

Our town is heavily burdened by debt, and what we need is good careful management in the expenditure of our taxes, and we know that while he is one of our most progressive citizens he would be a judicious and conservative councilman. He has no knowledge that an effort is being made in this direction, but I believe if the citizens of the North Ward will interest themselves in the matter, and elect him, he will not refuse to serve us, as he has never been known to shirk a duty.

Yours very truly,
NORTH WARD VOTER.

INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS.

Gregg Post No. 95, G. A. R., held their annual installation of officers last Saturday evening in their rooms in the Harris block. There was a large attendance and the exercises proved very interesting. All the old officers were re-elected as follows:

James Harris, Commander.
Henry Gordon, Junior vice commander.
H. B. Pontius, Quartermaster.
John I. Curtin, Officer of the Day.
Chas Eckenroth, Officer of the Guard.
F. Peebles Green, Sargeant Major.
John C. Miller, Quartermaster Sargeant.
Amos Garbrick, Senior vice commander
John Noll, Adjutant.
Samuel Sheffer, Chaplain.

All were installed except the last 4 who were unavoidably detained away. The installation was conducted by Col. Austin Curtin, of George L. Potter Post, No. 261, of Milesburg. Quite a number of old members who had dropped out of the Post were present and were re-instated showing a renewed interest in the organization.

After the installation the meeting was turned into a camp fire and speeches were made by Col. Austin Curtin, Commander Jas. Harris, Comrades, David F. Fortney, John I. Curtin, Samuel B. Miller, Senator Wm. C. Heinle and Emanuel Noll.

After the camp fire everybody adjourned to the next room where an elegant supper was served. This was served under the direction of Col. Amos Mullen and was greatly enjoyed by all present.

Death of an Aged Lady.

Mrs. Hanna Frank died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Daniel Wolfe, Booneville, Clinton County, Monday morning, after a week's illness of pneumonia. She was 89 years old. She is survived by three sons and one daughter. The funeral took place Wednesday morning at 9:30 o'clock. Rev. Wetzel conducted the services in the Reformed church at Greenburr.

—Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Hon. A. O. Furst transacted legal business at Lock Haven Wednesday.

Burgess E. J. Pruner, of Tyrone was a Sunday visitor in Bellefonte.

Miss Jennie Smyser, departed Thursday, on a visit to friends at York, Pa.

Will Katz departed Monday afternoon for Milton where he will visit friends.

Col. and Mrs. James P. Coburn left for a visit in Pittsburg Monday afternoon.

Messrs. Claud Cook and W. L. Malin were business visitors at Altoona Thursday.

E. R. Chambers Esq., and W. L. Malin were passengers to Harrisburg Monday morning.

Mrs. A. G. Morris, of Tyrone, is visiting her sons, Robert and Alexander, of this place.

Miss Mary S. Thomas, of Philadelphia, is visiting Mrs. John M. Dale, of East Linn street.

Messrs Harvey McClure and Samuel Hart, spent Thursday with friends at Lock Haven.

Mrs. Sam Wallach of New York city is visiting her sister Mrs. Emil Joseph on East High street.

Samuel D. Musser and wife, of Scranton, Pa., are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Paul Sheffer of this place.

Supt. C. L. Gramley, of Rebersburg, was in Bellefonte last week visiting the schools in this vicinity.

Edward Gross, who is Mr. H. Sechler's right hand man on the wagon is home sick with the la grippe.

Miss Anne Shaffner, of Philadelphia, is a popular visitor at the home of her aunt Mrs. Isaac Mitchell.

Judge James A. Beaver, left Monday morning for Scranton to attend the sessions of the Superior Court.

W. E. Tyson, of Vail spent Thursday night in Bellefonte and was a prominent guest at the Logan "smoker."

Porter W. Parks, formerly of Bellefonte, but now of Tyrone, spent Sunday with friends and relatives in this place.

Mrs. J. E. Ward was the hostess at a very enjoyable dinner party at her home on East Curtin street Thursday evening.

M. C. Gephart, of Millheim, and Ed. Rhule of Spring Mills, were Bellefonte visitors Friday who gave us the pleasure of a call.

Mrs. M. J. Locke and son, Malcolm, accompanied the Doctor to Philadelphia where they expect to remain for the next month.

Senator W. C. Heinle left for Harrisburg Monday morning to be present at the sessions of legislature which convened Monday night.

Edgar T. Burnside was in New York city last week in the interest of the Standard Scale and Supply Co., with which he is connected.

Miss Eleanor Harris who with her mother has been visiting friends in Philadelphia has returned home to resume her studies at the Academy.

Mr. and Mrs. Newton Kling, of Altoona, passed through Bellefonte Friday morning to spend a week with Mr. Kling's parents at Jacksonville.

John Noll, who travels for the Malena Company, of Warriorsmark, spent Sunday at the home of his father Emanuel Noll on North Allegheny street.

Miss Sallie Baum left Friday morning for New York city where she will visit her sister, Mrs. Morris Monash. She expects to be in that city about two weeks.

Joseph S. Rhoads, of Jamesburg, N. J., who is one of the Pennsylvania Railroad's efficient supervisors on the United Railroads of New Jersey division, spent Thursday in Bellefonte with his mother Mrs. Daniel Rhoads.

John M. Dale Esq., and W. E. Gray Esq., Bellefonte's prominent Quay leaders, left for Harrisburg on Sunday afternoon to attend the Senatorial "ball" which opened Monday evening with the re-convening of the General Assembly.

George Knights, conductor on the Bellefonte side of the L. & T. local freight was transferred to Philadelphia and Erie R. R., which left a vacancy, to which Flagman Cyrus Underwood was promoted. Brakeman John Fisher was promoted flagman.

Mrs. Harry Keller and three children left Wednesday morning for an extended visit to friends in Lancaster and Philadelphia. The Keller home on East Linn street has been closed and Mr. Keller will be a guest at the Brockerhoff House during the absence of his family.

Mrs. Jennie Breeze and daughter, Miss Jennie, left Wednesday morning for Newport, Rhode Island, to attend the funeral of her brother-in-law, Thomas Breeze, who died in that city a few days ago. The deceased was for many years connected with the U. S. Torpedo station at Newport.

Benjamin F. A. Fleming, of Bryn Mawr, spent several days last week in Bellefonte. He is a successful hotel man and a lover of fast horses. His stables contain several flyers which have given a good account of themselves on the grand circuit. Mr. Fleming is a pleasant gentleman of genial and affable manners and he made many friends during his stay in our city. He was a guest at the Brockerhoff House.

Hon. Wm. C. Heinle returned Saturday from New York.

William P. Humes was a business visitor to Altoona Tuesday.

A. G. Morris of Tyrone, was a Bellefonte visitor Saturday.

Mr. Wm. P. Humes transacted business at Jersey Shore Saturday.

Dr. Joseph M. Brockerhoff is on a business trip to Williamsport.

Col. Wilbur F. Reeder came home Tuesday morning from Philadelphia.

Linn Goodman, of Lock Haven is a guest of Harvey McClure on Spring St.

William Burnside of the Standard Scale works is off on a business trip to Pittsburg.

Judge John G. Love went to Huntingdon on Monday evening on legal business.

Mrs. Robert Hoy and children, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Albert Hoy at State College.

C. M. McCurdy, cashier of the First National bank, was a Tyrone visitor on Friday.

Miss Sue Holter, of Altoona, spent Tuesday and Wednesday with friends in this place.

Rev. Dr. H. C. Holloway pastor of the Lutheran church is able to be out and around again.

Miss Effie Womeldorf, who is teaching at Snow Shoe, spent Sunday with her parents at this place.

James Swartzell, the Penna. railroad detective of Tyrone, transacted business in Bellefonte Saturday.

S. B. Reamer, presiding elder, of Lewisburg, was a guest Sunday at the home of Rev. J. Womeldorf.

Col. W. Fred Reynolds, of Bellefonte, was registered at the Logan House, Altoona, on Tuesday night.

Mrs. Graham, wife of the late Rev. Graham of Tyrone is a guest of Prof. John F. Harrison on Bishop street.

Miss Bertha Wagner, of South Willowbank street, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Daniel Houser, at Houserville.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Aikens returned Tuesday evening, from a two week's trip to New York and Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Johnson and daughter Pauline, of this place, spent Sunday at the former's home at Mt. Eagle.

Miss Lawler who has been employed by Joseph Bros. & Co., as their milliner, returned to New York Saturday morning.

Mr. Frank Fisher, of Boalsburg, left Saturday morning for Philadelphia where he will resume his studies at the Medico-Chi.

Mrs. Thompson, wife of Dr. James Thompson, of Stormstown, is a guest at the home of George L. Potter on East Linn street.

Manager John T. Harris, of the Bell Telephone Exchange at Philipsburg, spent Sunday at the home of his parents in Bellefonte.

Miss Maud Harris who has been a guest at the home of John P. Harris on West Linn street returned to her home at Mill Hall Saturday.

Dr. M. J. Locke left Monday for Philadelphia where he will enter the Polyclinic hospital and spend a month practicing among the patients.

W. D. K. Shelmire, representing the circulating department of the Philadelphia "Inquirer," transacted business in Bellefonte last week.

Hon. William M. Allison, one of our two legislative members, departed Monday morning on the *regular train* for Harrisburg, from his home at Spring Mill.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Montgomery and son Hasel have arrived home, after spending a very enjoyable visit with Mrs. Montgomery's parents in Philadelphia.

William Barnes, who has had charge of the electric plant connected with a coal mine at Ralston, Pa., has given up his position there and is now at his home in this place.

Miss Ida Orris, the agreeable and efficient stenographer in Judge Furst's office, is suffering with an acute attack of tonsilitis at the home of her sister, Mrs. E. E. Davis, on Thomas street.

Hon. F. Gray Meek, left on Monday for Harrisburg to take a hand in keeping the Democratic contingent in the State Legislature in line against the election of Col. Quay as United States Senator.

Miss Minnie Schreyer, of Oak Park, Ill., who has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. Minnie Harper, on West Linn street, left Saturday morning for Philadelphia where she will resume her studies at the Drexel Institute in that city.

UNCLAIMED LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte Post Office uncalled for Jan. 14th, 1901:

Joseph Allbright, Sam'l. Coben, Theo. Flack, W. H. Fisher, Blanche McCloskey, Blanche Parsons, G. S. Russel, J. A. Shull, G. A. Surredge, Henry Zaner.

FOREIGN LETTERS.

Alle Mani Di Andenjio.

When called for please say advertised.

W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

—Temp Cruse has sold his news stand to G. Williard Hall, of the Racket store. Mr. Hall will take charge of the business Feb. 1st and will move the stand to the Racket store.

FRANCISCUS THE MAGICIAN.

A Delightful Entertainment That Highly Pleased a Cultured Bellefonte Audience.

Tuesday evening an audience composed of Bellefonte's most cultured people gathered in Garman's opera house to witness the performance of Franciscus, the magician. There was a natural curiosity to see this gentleman coming as he does from our neighboring town of Lock Haven and well known to many of our people. There was some doubt as to his success, before the curtain arose, but the Magicians wand soon banished it and Franciscus, has established himself as the equal if not the superior of the famous Keller in the minds of his audience.

The stage setting was exceedingly beautiful disclosing a French sedan scene and you were at once impressed with the fact that the paraphernalia and furnishings used were elegant and costly and of the very best.

Franciscus received a cordial greeting when he appeared. His palm tricks are remarkably clever and are more exposed than Keller's. His skill in hand manipulation is perhaps more noticeable than anything else. His changing of bran into steaming hot coffee, producing jars of water containing gold fish, plumes etc., from under handkerchiefs, his watch, cards, handkerchief and flag tricks arouse the greatest wonderment.

Among the most pleasing features of his entertainment were the Fairy's Dream in which dainty little Miss Gertrude Ubil emerges from the floral casket and gives a graceful dance; Miss Lou Decker being chloroformed, and her body being suspended in midair rising and falling at the wish of the magician, her imprisonment in the Egyptian sarcophagus, the apparent subsequent burning of her body and her reappearance as an angel. Miss Decker is a very beautiful girl and carried out her part of the program with a grace that was quite charming.

Probably the most beautiful feature of the whole show was "Solaris" in her lovely Parisian dances between acts 3 and 4. "Solaris" whose real name is Miss Florence Franciscus is a daughter of the magician and by her graceful dancing simply entranced the audience. Her costumes were the richest seen on this stage for some time.

Franciscus is a born magician and his stage demeanor, graceful movements and personal appearance aid him greatly. He is slated to play a return date here during the fair next year and no doubt will be greeted by a packed house.

Real Estate Transfers.

Jonas Stine et ux to Paulser A. Sellers, June 9, 1871, 1 acre 2 perches in Patton twp. Consideration $75.

Philip E. Sellers et al to Paulser A. Sellers, April 12, 1884, 56 acres, 22 perches in Patton twp. Consideration $3,000.

Susan A. Gray to Esther Sellers, Feb. 5, 1884, 137 acres in Half Moon twp. Consideration $1.

Janet McFarlane to James Glenn, April 30, 1898, 45 acres 16 perches in College twp. Con. $1,200.

Joseph Steer to Jemima Parsons, Sept. 30, 1879, land in Union twp. Consideration $100.

Robert W. Huston to Joseph Steer, Feb. 8, 1886, land in Union twp. Consideration $31.00.

Simon Parsons et ux to J. M. Blair, Dec. 17, 1881, 15 acres in Union twp. Consideration $350.

J. M. Blair's heirs to Geo. W. Morrison, May 14, 1898, 15 acres in Union twp. Consideration $168.75.

The Lehigh Valley Coal Co., to Andrew Mehalic, March 5, 1900, 17-100 acres in Snow Shoe. Consideration $25.

Wm. H. Stover et ux to I. O. O. F. Lodge, Dec. 22, 1900; ½ acre in Harris twp, Consideration $110.

W. M. Cronister, sheriff, to West Branch National bank of Williamsport, Dec. 7, 1898, 336 acres in Walker twp. Consideration $70.

Amy R. Shaver to A. P. Morrison, Dec. 19, 1900, 39 tracts in Centre county. Consideration $1.

Wm. C. Heinle to A. P. Morrison, July 31, 1900, 4 tracts in Curtin and Snow Shoe. Consideration $1.

Wm. C. Heinle to Amy R. Shaver, June 12, 1900, 39 tracts in Centre county. Consideration $1.

B. F. Kaister to Shem Spigelmyer and W. E. Gheen, Dec. 17, 1900, house and lot in Millheim. Consideration $550.00,

Henry H. Knoffsinger to James Knoffsinger Dec. 22, 1900, house and lot in Spring twp. Consideration $125.

A. F. Poorman et ux to Robert Cook Jr., Dec. 29, 1900, 42 acres in Boggs twp. Consideration $400.

—Mrs. Cline Confer, of Beech Creek, met with a peculiar and serious accident Saturday morning. She was drawing water at the well when the windlace slipped away from her hold, and in flying around struck her on the wrist, causing considerable pain. She hurried into the house and sat down near the cook stove, the front door of which was open. Mrs. Confer noticed herself getting sick and fainted, falling forward and running her hand through the stove door into the fire. After a little while she regained consciousness, and upon withdrawing her hand found it horribly burned the end of the fingers being burned to a crisp. She was alone in the house at the time and might have been burned to death had her clothing taken fire.